FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

**JUNE 30, 2015** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Laramie County Community College Cheyenne, Wyoming

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Laramie County Community College (the "College"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and its discretely presented component unit, Laramie County Community College Foundation (the "Foundation") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes 1 and 7 to the financial statements, in 2015 the College adopted new accounting guidance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* – an amendment of GASB 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 18, the Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 47, and the Schedule of the College's Contributions on page 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The combining schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Cheyenne,	Wyoming
	, 2015

# **Laramie County Community College Management's Discussion and Analysis**

### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the Laramie County Community College (LCCC) annual financial report provides an overview of the College's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and supplementary information. The discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes, and current known facts. Comparable facts are given for fiscal years 2013, 2014, and 2015.

LCCC manages its financial records in accordance with W.S. 21-18 -205 (Appropriation and distribution of state funds; restrictions; budget authority), and complies with the Uniform Municipal Fiscal Procedures Act (W.S. 16-4-201 through 16-4-205 and W.S. 16-4-121) as required by W.S. 21-18-204.

During Fiscal Year 2006, the LCCC Building Authority was formed for the financing of the construction of a new residence hall. In subsequent years, the Authority financed a dining facility in 2009 and refunded the bonds held by the Foundation for the Albany County Campus Building in 2012. The Authority's financial statements are included in this report as a blended component unit of the College. For an itemized explanation of each entity please refer to the "Combining Schedule of Net Position" included in the Supplementary Information Section of this report.

GASB has issued Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. In the words of former GASB Chairman Robert H. Attmore, "Among other improvements, net pension liabilities will be reported on the balance sheet, providing citizens and other users of these financial reports with a clearer picture of the size and nature of the financial obligations to current and former employees for past services rendered." Net pension liability is recorded in LCCC's financial statements under noncurrent liabilities beginning with the financial statements for period ended June 30, 2015. Net pension liability is defined as the present value of projected benefit payments to current active and inactive employees attributable to past periods of service less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. See Note to Financial Statements No. 7 for additional information.

#### **Using the Annual Report**

The annual report follows the Independent Auditor's Report and the MD&A. The annual report consists of required financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 35, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for Public Colleges and Universities," and other supplementary information.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

There are three basic financial statements that are required to provide information on the College as a whole: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. Notes to the financial statements are also part of the required financial statements. A brief description of each statement follows:

The Statement of Net Position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. It is prepared using economic resource measurement and accrual basis of accounting. It presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the College at a point in time. Its purpose is to present a financial snapshot of the College. The difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources is net position, which is one indicator of the current financial condition of the College. The change in net position also indicates whether the College's overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the total revenues earned and expenses incurred by the College for operating, non-operating, and other related activities during a period of time. Its purpose is to assess the College's operating results. The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as Capital Assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation allocating the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. The seven community colleges in Wyoming met as a group and agreed upon a uniform useful life policy for each asset type. The original value of the buildings was based on actual cost rather than market value.

Statement of Cash Flows presents cash receipts and payments of the College during a period of time. Its purpose is to assess the College's ability to generate future net cash flows and meet its obligations as they come due.

*Notes to the Financial Statements* present additional information to support the financial statements and are commonly referred to as Note(s). Their purpose is to clarify and expand on the information in the financial statements.

The Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities for the LCCC Foundation reflect the audited financial information as of December 31, 2013, and December 31, 2014. Although the inclusion of these figures in our financial report is required by GASB 39, they are not included in this management analysis and discussion. If there are questions regarding this information contact the LCCC Foundation at 1400 East College Drive, Cheyenne, Wyoming, 82007.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Required Supplementary Information includes the following: Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of the College's Contributions and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Supplementary Information includes the following: Combining Schedule of Net Position, Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### **ASSETS**

#### CURRENT ASSETS

	 2015	2014	2015	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,111,258	\$ 15,875,302	\$ 12,253,983	-
Investments	75,000	75,000	5,064,162	
Accounts receivable, net	3,627,188	3,475,027	4,477,314	
Property taxes receivable	5,466,511	6,081,358	9,321,294	
Inventories	324,999	-	-	
Pre-paid expenses	232,632	48,217	42,228	
Total current assets	\$ 26,837,588	\$ 25,554,904	\$ 31,158,981	

2013

2014

2015

#### Cash, cash equivalents and investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in LCCC bank accounts, the LCCC Building Authority bank accounts, short-term investments, register cash and petty cash drawers maintained on campus. Investments include secured (FDIC or collateralized) certificates of deposit and trust accounts held in local banks. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents is mainly due to moving \$5 million into long-term investments. Cash flow has increased positively in recent history from the inflow of funds from enrollment, improved collection of accounts receivables, and increases of state appropriations that included major maintenance funds that are dispersed at the beginning of the state's biannual budget.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable include credit and noncredit student tuition and fee billings, inter-fund transactions between LCCC and the LCCC Foundation, accrued interest, student sponsorships, student housing rent and board, state appropriations, grant awards, financial aid and scholarships, summer housing, and other miscellaneous operational transactions. The receivables in FY 2015 increased due to timing of payments for Federal grants.

#### Property taxes receivable

The property tax receivable for FY 2015 is significantly higher than FY 2013 and 2014 because the voters of Laramie County approved an additional mil levy (up to 2 mils) to finance the building of two new buildings through a bond issued in FY 2015. Total approved mill levy for next year is 6.23 mils (5.0 mils for operations and 1.23 mils for debt service).

In Wyoming, property taxes are assessed based on the property value as of January 1 of each year for the upcoming year. A receivable for the entire calendar year is recorded based on 6.23 mils of the assessed property value on January 1. Laramie County does provide the assessed value, but does not provide the amount of the receivable until after the second Tuesday in August when the property taxes are actually levied. Property taxes receivable represents taxes expected for the period January 1 through December 31. Both the property tax receivable and deferred revenue for FY 2013, 2014 and 2015 have increased as assessed values of property have increased and the new debt service mil was levied. The property values for these years have seen a small steady increase due to the economy of the region. The Cheyenne regional economy appears to be more stable than many areas within Wyoming and surrounding states. The increase of property values results from mainly new commercial construction. In today's economy, future year valuation must be monitored closely.

#### **Inventories**

The College maintained an inventory of land and houses constructed through the construction trades program that was sold. The construction trades program was closed in the 2010 school year and the remaining inventory was sold in July of 2013 as reflected in FY 2014 and 2015 statements.

#### Pre-paid expenses

Three pre-paid contracts are listed in this category: 1) a three-year IT maintenance contract in its third year of execution; 2) pre-paid food services vendor payments in accordance with Build America Bonds for the dining facility; and 3) an advance on the entrance marques.

#### **NONCURRENT ASSETS**

<b>Y</b>	 2013	2014	2015
Restricted cash	\$ 298,057	\$ 293,389	\$ 1,058,428
Restricted investments	1,944,089	1,973,141	27,751,534
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	59,014,325	58,097,760	57,655,993
Investments held by others	 8,060,318	9,566,892	10,798,387
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 69,316,789	\$ 69,931,182	\$ 97,264,342
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 96,154,377	\$ 95,486,086	\$ 128,423,323

#### Noncurrent restricted cash

The FY 2013 and 2014 restricted cash was restricted for secondary Health and Science Building (HSB) projects in coming years. In FY 2015, restricted cash was increased by cash for the completion of the two new buildings, the UW/Student Services Center and the Flex-Tech Building, that was provided by a bond issue in the fall of 2014. Completion of the two new buildings are scheduled for the spring of 2017 and fall of 2016, respectively.

#### Restricted investments

Restricted investments are investments belonging to the LCCC Building Authority. They are classified as non-current restricted because the investment is restricted to Series 2005 bonds (residence halls), Series 2009 BAB (dining facility/residence hall), Series 2012 bonds (refunded bonds for Albany County Campus Building), and Series 2014 bonds (construction of UW/Student Center and the Flex-Tech Building) issuance restrictions. The bonds are a long-term liability. Both restricted cash and restricted investments were generated from proceeds of bond issuances.

#### Capital assets, net

Net capital assets include land, land improvements, infrastructure, buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment, library materials and construction in progress. The amount reported is net of accumulated depreciation. The decrease of \$441,767 in capital assets reflects the net of the year's additions of (+) \$3,418,806, depreciation (-) \$3,847,089, and retirements of (-) \$13,484. The major FY 2015 activity in capital assets was the continued construction-in-progress/capital lease of campus improvements including college entry improvements, building renewals, campus lighting improvements and various equipment purchases of \$592,258. See Note 3 for the changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### Investments held by others

This category reflects the amount invested and held by the LCCC Foundation, as custodian for the College. The investments were funded by the State of Wyoming Endowment Challenge Grant. This category is classified as a "non-current" asset and shows a year-end amount of \$10,798,387. FY 2015 saw continued recovery of prior year economic losses, current year interest and additional funds of \$348,383 provided from State funds. See State of Wyoming endowment appropriation in non-operating revenues below. All endowment funds given by the State must be booked as revenue by the College and shown as an asset on the College books.

#### **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS**

Deferred outflow of resources can be defined as an outlay of resources by the College that is applicable to a future reporting period, for example, advance payments or credits to accounts. For FY 2015, all deferred outflows are related to the reporting of pension liabilities under GASB 68.

	20	013	- 2	2014	2015
Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 922,757
Collective Share of Pension Deferred Outflows		-		-	953,342
Due to Change in Proportional Share		-		-	261,112
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,137,211

#### **Contributions**

This outflow refers to the contributions by LCCC to the pension plan from the end of the pension plan year end (December 31, 2014) until June 30, 2015. This outlay of resources will be applied to the net pension liability and used in the determination of the net pension liability at the end of the next pension plan year (December 31, 2015).

#### Collective share of pension deferred outflows

This outflow records LCCC's share of pension plan outflows that because of outlay timing at the pension plan level caused the outlay to be classified as a deferred outflow.

#### Due to change in proportional share

When a change (increase or decrease) in the proportional share of the net pension liability of LCCC to the other participants in the pension plan occurs, it must be recorded as a deferred inflow or outflow and amortized over five years. For FY 2015, the \$261,112 denotes a decrease in the proportional share of LCCC to the total of all other participants in the pension plan and will be used in the determination of the net pension liability in future periods.

#### **LIABILITIES**

#### Definition of current and noncurrent liabilities

Current liabilities are those items which will be paid during the 12-month period from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016. Non-current liabilities are those items that are due beyond the 12-month period ending June 30, 2016.

#### **CURRENT LIABILITIES**

	2	2013	2014	2015
Accounts payable	\$	704,175	\$ 885,848	\$ 807,665
Payroll and related liabilities	1,	,243,771	1,589,614	1,536,830
Accrued compensated absences		991,853	937,765	821,875
Accrued interest payable (bond)		151,870	130,636	190,939
Advance tuition payments		257,333	252,786	241,160
Custodial deposits		808,215	918,596	1,136,706
Capital lease obligation	CK	25,523	34,913	35,804
Current maturities of bonds payable	1,	,073,192	1,088,802	2,574,205
Total current liabilities	\$ 5,	,255,932	\$ 5,838,960	\$ 7,345,184

#### Accounts payable

Accounts payable include amounts due at June 30 for goods and services received prior to the end of the fiscal year, funds held for others (Auxiliary Funds), and amounts due to others. Accounts payable for FY 2015 are comparable to prior years.

#### Payroll and related liabilities

Payroll and related liabilities include July and August academic contract salaries, benefits and unemployment that have been earned and are payable for the 2014/2015 academic year. FY 2015 liabilities are comparable to prior years.

#### Accrued interest payable

Accrued interest payable is the amount of interest accrued from the date of the last payment to year-end for the below mentioned capital lease obligations and bonds payable. Accrued interest payable for FY 2015 increased due to the bond issued in the fall of 2014 for building construction.

#### Advanced tuition payments

Advanced payments for tuition and fees represent the portion of the summer term that occurs after the fiscal year end but were collected prior to June 30. This line item has trended downward in direct relation to decreased enrollment.

#### Custodial deposits

Custodial deposits represent the amounts that LCCC holds for the Agency Funds including student fees.

#### Capital lease obligation

The capital lease obligation represents the current (due during the next 12 months) amount of the capital lease for the Cisco systems.

#### Current maturities of bonds payable

The current maturities of bonds payable refers to the amount to be repaid in the next 12-month period for bonds associated with the residence hall, dining facility, Albany County Campus (ACC) Building in the LCCC Building Authority. The refunded bonds held previously by the LCCC Foundation, but now held by the LCCC Building Authority for ACC, were added in FY 2013. A bond issue held by the college was issued in the fall of 2014 for the construction of the UW/Student Services Building and the Flex-Tech Building causing a significate increase in FY 2015.

#### NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

	2013		2014	 2015
Liability for voluntary termination	\$ 1,092,800	\$	1,010,716	\$ 985,995
Accrued compensated absences	296,268		280,111	244,495
Capital lease obligation	263,249		72,522	36,716
Long-term bonds payable	15,945,064		14,855,540	37,638,949
Net pension liability	- /	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	11,627,344
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 17,597,381	\$	16,218,889	\$ 50,533,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 22,853,313	\$	22,057,849	\$ 57,878,683

#### Liability for voluntary termination

The liability for voluntary termination refers to the Transitional Opportunity Plan (TOP) liability. The decrease of this liability for FY 2013, 2014, and 2015 is a result of decreasing numbers of eligible TOP recipients. To be eligible for TOP, an employee must have begun employment with LCCC prior to April 11, 1991, and must be paid by Current Funds for a five-year period.

#### Accrued compensation absences

The liability for accrued compensation is associated with vacation that has been earned but not taken. It is comparable with prior years.

# Capital lease obligation

This liability is the portion of the leases that are to be paid in a time period longer than the next 12 months. FY 2013 saw a large decrease in capital leases mainly due to the paying off of the capital lease to the LCCC Foundation (Albany County Campus Building) by refunded bond proceeds from the LCCC Building Authority. The remaining balance will continue to decrease as leases are paid off.

#### Long-term bonds payable

The increase in this non-current liability for FY 2015 was primarily due to the long-term portion of the 2014 Series Bonds payable for the construction of the UW/Student Services Center and the Flex-Tech Building. The long-term maturities of bonds payable refers to the amount to be repaid in a time period longer than the next 12 months for bonds associated with the residence hall, dining facility and the ACC facility in the LCCC Building Authority as well as the new construction of the college. The balance will decrease over time as the bonds are paid off.

# Net pension liability

As discussed in the introduction, FY 2015 saw the implementation of GASB 68 "Accounting and financial reporting for pensions". The \$11,627,344 in this line item is LCCC's share of the liability of an under-funded pension plan administrated by the State of Wyoming. LCCC cost shares with other Wyoming participants in a state-wide retirement plan to provide a defined benefit retirement plan to its employees. Please see Note to the Financial Statement No. 7 for additional information relating to this liability.

See Note 4 for the long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### **DEFERRED INFLOW**

Deferred inflow of resources can be defined as an acquisition of resources by the College that is applicable to a future reporting period, for example, deferred property tax revenue.

	2013	2014	2015
Deferred revenue:			·
Property taxes	\$ 5,230,777	\$ 5,834,387	\$ 8,628,317
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$ 5,230,777	\$ 5,834,387	\$ 8,628,317

#### <u>Deferred Property Taxes</u>

Deferred property tax revenue is reflective of the amount that becomes revenue next fiscal year on the levy date (second Tuesday in August). FY 2015 shows an increase to prior years because of the additional levy for debt service of the 2014 bond issue. See the property tax receivable section above for a discussion of FY 2015 increase.

#### **NET POSITION/ FUND BALANCES**

Net position (fund balances) are equal to College assets plus deferred outflows minus liabilities and minus deferred inflows. Net position is classified in three types: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted.

#### **NET POSITION**

	2013	2014	2015
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,707,297	\$ 42,045,983	\$ 41,969,108
Restricted for:			
Expendable:			
Scholarships, research, instruction and other	809,165	2,060,356	231,229
Capital projects and asset purchases	2,389,916	1,315,995	2,049,267
Non expendable (endowment)	7,592,069	7,784,574	8,667,686
Unrestricted	15,862,473	14,386,942	11,136,244
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 68,360,920	\$ 67,593,850	\$ 64,053,534

# Analysis of Net Position - Restricted and Unrestricted Type

#### Restricted non expendable

These funds are not available. They represent funds that have been received and/or are due from the State of Wyoming for the Endowment Challenge Grant and the Excellence in Higher Education Endowment Grant.

#### Restricted expendable

Restricted expendable assets are those items restricted in use by parties external to the College such as granting agencies.

#### Restricted for capital asset

Restricted for capital asset purchases refer to funds that have been restricted specifically for purchases of capital assets including equipment, building improvements, site improvements, infrastructure improvements, and buildings.

#### Unrestricted

Unrestricted net position represents those balances received from operational activities that have not been restricted by parties external to the college (such as granting agencies.) This includes funds which have been designated by the governing board for specific purposes as well as amounts that have been contractually committed for goods and services which have not yet been received.

The decrease in net position of \$3,250,698 for FY 2015 was primarily due to: an increase of state appropriations of \$6,040,878; and a decrease of unrestricted net position of \$8,956,068 due to a prior year adjustment associated with the GASB 68 implementation/ net pension liability. Three appropriations were responsible for the majority of the increase of state appropriations: the major maintenance appropriation (\$1,328,933) is a two year appropriation dispersed at the beginning of the state's bi-annual budget; the enrollment growth appropriation (\$1,539,458) is a one-time state appropriation determined by LCCC to be used for current and future years' one-time expenditures; and the state appropriation toward the construction of the two new buildings (\$1,673,278).

#### **REVENUES**

#### **OPERATING REVENUES**

		2013	L	2014	2015
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of	of				_
\$1,735,767 for 2013, \$1,016,643 for 2014 and		A			
\$482,833 for 2015)	\$	8,989,033	\$	9,938,247	\$ 10,372,584
Federal grants and contracts		1,731,067		1,804,919	1,913,371
State and local grants and contracts	CA	1,422,155		1,492,561	1,074,302
Auxiliary enterprise charges		3,265,494		3,322,432	3,406,064
Other operating revenues		191,403		420,658	222,524
Total operating revenues	\$	15,599,152	\$	16,978,817	\$ 16,988,845

#### Tuition and fees

This category includes all tuition and fees assessed for educational purposes. Scholarships applied to student accounts are shown as a reduction of student tuition revenue. The tuition discount for the year ended June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2015, was \$1,016,643 and \$482,833, respectively. This compares to \$1,735,767 for FY 2013 reflecting the increase and decrease of federal student grants. This discount is calculated using an approved formula designed to reflect other scholarship revenues and institutional scholarship expense used specifically for tuition and fees. For example, LCCC records funds received from the PELL student grant program as revenue. Those funds are then applied to student accounts in payment of tuition and fees which are also included as revenue. Without this discount, student tuition revenues would be overstated by the double counted amount.

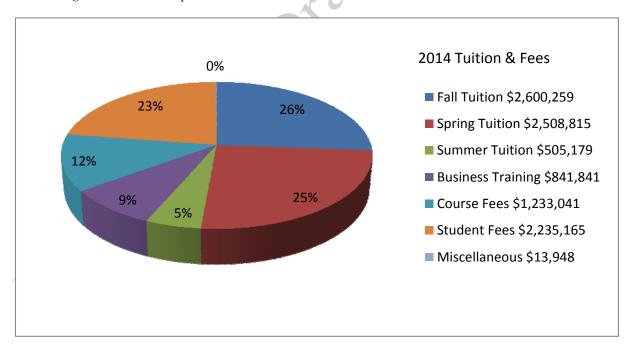
After the scholarship allowance was applied to tuition, student tuition revenue for FY 2015 was approximately 4.37% more. Because of a state mandated cap on chargeable tuition hours of 12 hours, increased/decreased enrollment may not directly translate to increased/decreased revenue. Student fees were increased from \$27 per credit hour to \$35 per credit hour (most fees capped at 12 hours like tuition) in FY 2010. Student fee revenue decreased \$407,895 in FY 2015 from decreased enrollment. Tuition and fees for FY 2015 includes Community Development/Workforce Training revenues of \$872,162.

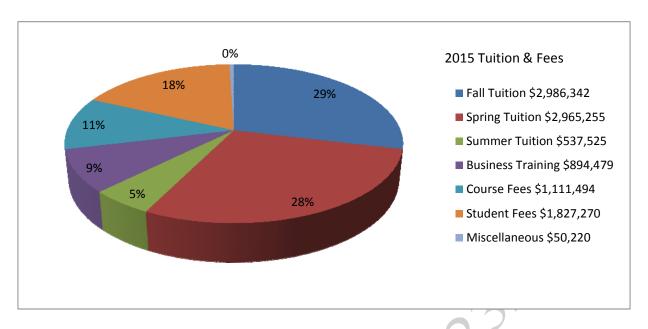
#### **Enrollment**

Enrollment at LCCC has held steady over the last 10 years as evidenced by the table below. When the economy experienced a downturn, enrollment at LCCC increased from approximately 2008 to 2013. Enrollment has returned to pre-economic downturn levels and is expected to remain stable over the near future.

Enrollment History		Headcou	unt			FT	E	
				Annualized				Annualized
Academic Year	SU	FA	SP	Total	SU	FA	SP	Total
2004-05	1,380	4,522	4,772	5,337.0	527.42	3,169.80	3,234.30	3,465.76
2005-06	1,479	4,603	4,943	5,512.5	564.70	3,176.40	3,313.92	3,527.51
2006-07	1,503	4,584	5,051	5,569.0	589.25	3,252.05	3,491.50	3,666.40
2007-08	1,568	4,886	4,948	5,701.0	606.92	3,411.17	3,441.20	3,729.65
2008-09	1,585	5,033	5,322	5,970.0	634.80	3,549.30	3,695.90	3,940.00
2009-10	1,619	5,040	5,609	6,134.0	628.08	3,737.30	4,095.17	4,230.28
2010-11	1,774	5,193	5,600	6,283.5	710.42	3,928.00	4,158.70	4,448.56
2011-12	1,920	5,302	5,512	6,367.0	813.80	3,888.33	3,963.09	4,332.61
2012-13	1,828	5,141	5,411	6,190.0	708.33	3,720.70	3,876.41	4,152.72
2013-14	1,541	4,894	4,901	5,668.0	606.93	3,552.80	3,515.41	3,837.57
2014-15	1,524	4,494	4,504	5,261.0	635.3	3,291.7	3,216.4	3,571.70
1-Year Change	-1.1%	-8.2%	-8.1%	-7.2%	4.7%	-7.3%	-8.5%	-6.9%
5-Year Change	-5.9%	-10.8%	-19.7%	-14.2%	1.1%	-11.9%	-21.5%	-15.6%
10-Year Change	10.4%	-0.6%	-5.6%	-1.4%	20.5%	3.8%	-0.6%	3.1%

The following charts show a comparison of tuition and fees for 2014 and 2015:





#### Grant and contract revenues

Grant and contract revenues include all restricted revenues from governmental agencies and private agencies. Grant revenues are recorded as reimbursement of expenses associated with the grant. FY 2015 grant and contract revenues were comparable to prior years. See the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for information regarding non-financial aid federal grants and contracts.

#### Auxiliary enterprises

Auxiliary enterprises consist of various entities that exist primarily to furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff or the general public and charge a fee directly related to the cost of those goods or services. These enterprises are intended to be self-supporting and include the bookstore and cafeteria commission income, rental of facilities, residence halls, summer housing, child care, and dental hygiene services. The overall FY 2015 increase in auxiliary revenues is mostly due to increased revenues from residence halls and facility rentals.

#### Other operating revenues

Other operating revenues are comprised of income from miscellaneous sources including collection of prior year bad debts, gate receipts, exam lab, GED testing, and administration fees. FY 2014 included \$213,171 in improvement reimbursements associated with student services remodel project. FY 2015 is comparable to prior years.

#### **EXPENSES**

#### **OPERATING EXPENSES**

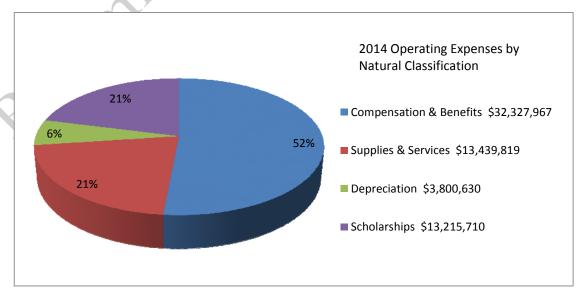
	2013	2014	2015
Operating expenses by function:			
Instruction	\$ 19,992,553	\$ 19,703,495	\$ 20,177,629
Public service	508,202	447,038	416,256
Academic support	5,680,560	6,701,981	6,241,329
Student services	3,572,357	4,000,550	3,980,802
Institutional support	6,903,687	7,514,764	8,000,240
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,733,131	4,977,537	5,819,718
Scholarships	11,136,921	13,215,710	14,281,589
Auxiliary enterprises	2,607,562	2,422,421	2,622,286
Depreciation	4,064,011	3,800,630	3,847,089
Total operating expenses	\$ 59,198,984	\$ 62,784,126	\$ 65,386,938
Operating (loss)	\$ (43,599,832)	\$ (45,805,309)	\$ (48,398,093)

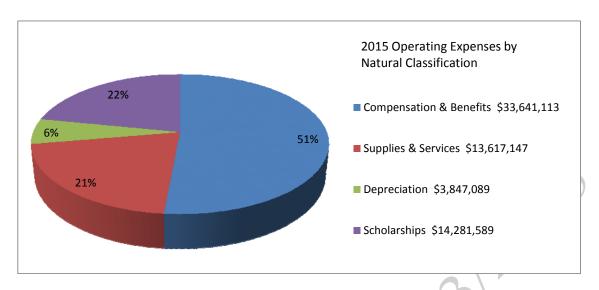
Operating expenses include salaries and benefits, goods and services provided to the College, institutional scholarships, and operations and maintenance of plant. Increases in salaries and benefits are reflective of increased salary funding of 2.5% in FY 2014 and 2% in FY 2015. Health insurance benefits cost to the College increased by an average of 5.4% for FY 2015. Only a minimal number of new staff was added because of budget constraints in FY 2015.

Instruction had increased Compensation and Benefits (C&B) of \$268,892 and increased in supplies and services (S&S) of \$205,242 for a net increase of \$474,134. Public Service C&B increased \$3,850 and S&S decreased \$34,632. Academic support C&B increased \$123,543 and S&S decreased \$584,195. Student services C&B increased \$180,229 and S&S decreased \$199,977. Institutional support C&B increased \$448,830 and S&S increased \$36,646. Most decreases/increases in S&S were a result of changes in contracted services.

Plant operation and maintenance trended up in 2015 due to increases in renovation and repair projects. Scholarships have been trending upward due to increased aid to the students by state, Federal, and institutional sources. Auxiliary and Depreciation were comparable to prior years.







Scholarships, including federal, state, local and institutional scholarships, total \$14,281,589. Prior to FY 2011, federal direct student loans were processed through third party banks. Congress now mandates those loans are to be processed by the College in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Education. The federal direct student loans processed through the College for FY 2015 were \$6,791,056. The loans, along with an additional \$4,662,020 in PELL grants, make up the bulk of scholarship for FY 2013.

The operating loss reflected is prior to the application of state and local revenues. LCCC is not intended to be self-supporting and although tuition and fees are an important source of revenue, the College could not operate without funding from the Federal Government, State of Wyoming and Laramie County. FY 2015 operating loss increased by \$2,592,784 over FY 2014.

#### NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

	2013	2014	2015
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Non-exchange federal and state grants	\$ 10,413,916	\$ 12,161,995	\$ 12,418,561
State appropriations	30,058,438	25,185,336	31,226,214
Local appropriations	6,253,340	6,555,970	9,582,502
Net investment income	879,406	1,712,246	835,018
Interest expense	(522,120)	(598,434)	(1,243,363)
Interest refund	129,612	119,254	111,801
Bond Issuance costs	(76,954)	-	
Net nonoperating revenues	\$ 47,135,638	\$ 45,136,367	\$ 52,930,733
Income (loss) before other revenue, expenses,			
gains or losses	3,535,806	(668,942)	4,532,640
State of Wyoming endowment appropriation	390,654	192,505	883,112
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	\$ 3,926,460	\$ (476,437)	\$ 5,415,752
	·	·	

Non-operating revenues are those revenues which are not directly generated through the operation of the College. Included are funds from the Federal Government, State of Wyoming, Laramie County local property and vehicle taxes, net investment income, and other miscellaneous sources.

#### Non-exchange federal and state grants

Non-exchange funds are not direct payment for services or product. The Federal Pell Grant Program provides need-based grants to low-income undergraduate students to promote access to postsecondary education. The Federal Direct Loan Program provides need-based loans to low-income undergraduate students to promote access to postsecondary education. PELL grants and direct loans account for the majority of funds in this category, \$4,662,020 and \$6,791,056 respectively. This category also includes funds from the State of Wyoming for the Hathaway Scholarship Program of \$754,102, a decrease of \$74,033 over FY 2014. The state program provides merit and need based awards to eligible Wyoming students.

#### State appropriations

A funding formula is used to determine the LCCC portion of total community college state appropriation and is based on a comparison to the other six community colleges in Wyoming. There has been an increase in enrollment as compared to other colleges, an increased employee benefit appropriation and bi-annual major maintenance funds. As stated in the net assets section above, LCCC saw an increase of state appropriations of \$6,040,878. Three appropriations were responsible for the majority of this increase: the major maintenance appropriation (\$1,328,933) is a two year appropriation dispersed at the beginning of the state's bi-annual budget; the enrollment growth appropriation (\$1,539,458) is a one-time state appropriation determined by LCCC to be used for current and future years' one-time expenditures; and the state appropriation toward the two new buildings under construction (\$1,673,278).

#### Local taxes-assessed valuation

A history of the assessed valuations for the District, the City of Cheyenne, Laramie County and the State of Wyoming is set forth in the following table.

Tax Year	College District	Laramie County	City of Cheyenne	State of Wyoming
2015	\$1,384,962,686	\$1,384,962,686	\$602,206,337	\$26,067,281,969
2014	\$1,166,877,447	\$1,166,877,447	\$577,640,126	\$24,164,467,525
2013	\$1,046,155,321	\$1,046,155,321	\$546,175,351	\$25,242,644,578
2012	\$1,007,641,555	\$1,007,641,555	\$533,191,527	\$22,797,094,335
2011	\$951,876,262	\$951,876,262	\$522,506,425	\$24,339,700,232
2010	\$908,727,797	\$908,727,749	\$510,335,674	\$21,316,477,631

Source: Annual Reports of the Wyoming Department of Revenue; Laramie County Assessor's Office

#### Local taxes- certification and collection of taxes

Based upon the valuation certified by the County Assessor, the Board of County Commissioners computes a tax rate to be levied which, when levied upon every dollar of the valuation for assessment taxable property within the County, and together with other legally available revenues, will raise the amount required by all taxing entities within the County in the upcoming fiscal year. Taxes are certified in August each year and fifty percent (50%) are due on and after September 1 and payable on and after November in each year and the remaining fifty percent (50%) is due on and after March 1 and payable on and after March 10 of the succeeding calendar year. If the entire tax is paid on or before December 31, no interest or penalties is chargeable. The balance of any tax not paid as provided is delinquent after the day on which it is due and will bear interest at eighteen percent (18%) per annum until paid or collected.

The Laramie County Treasurer reports that tax collections in the District for the Tax Years 2011-2015 are as follows:

Tax Year	Total Tax Levy	To	tal Tax Collections <sup>(1)</sup>	Percentage of Taxes Collected
2014-2015 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 5,763,210.81	\$	5,762,723.04	99.90%
2013-2014	\$ 5,155,755.89	\$	5,186,779.73	100.60%
2012-2013	\$ 4,961,404.82	\$	4,949,099.43	99.75%
2011-2012	\$ 4,683,889.01	\$	4,680,586.33	99.93%
2010-2011	\$ 4,543,639.00	\$	4,465,263.55	98.28%

- (1) Figures include current, delinquent and supplemental tax collections, as well as rebates, interest and/or penalties thereon; therefore, tax collections may exceed 100%.
- (2) Tax collections through September 30, 2015.

Source: Laramie County Treasurer's Office.

#### Net investment income

The majority of investment income is related to the investments held by the LCCC Foundation for the State Challenge Grant monies (\$735,676). The investment income includes recovery of economic losses from market downturns in prior years.

#### Interest expense

Interest expense is the interest paid on the college capital leases and bond issues held by LCCC Building Authority for the financing of college facilities. It is reported under non-operating revenues according to GASB 35 requirements.

#### Interest refund

Build America Bonds (BAB) were used to fund the dining facility/west residence hall improvements. LCCC files with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for interest expense refunds equal to 35% of interest paid for the BAB under terms set forth in the bond issue. This effectively reduces the interest rate paid by LCCC on the BAB. The bonds were issued in FY 2010. FY 2013 saw a reduction in the refund amount received by 7.8% in line with the federal budget sequestration. Federal budget sequestration is likely to continue so the effective rate of the refund will be 32.27% of interest paid.

#### **Endowment appropriation**

Funds from a state managed fund for scholarship endowment is appropriated by the State of Wyoming to the various colleges and university in Wyoming according to a prescribed formula. The appropriation varies with the performance of the state fund. See investments held by others section above.

#### **BUDGET**

The Board of Trustees is required to approve LCCC's annual budget no later than the third Wednesday in July (W.S. 16-4-111) and is required to provide public notice of the budget meeting at least one week prior to the budget hearing (W.S. 16-4-109). A budget is to be prepared for each fund and the format for the budget for community colleges is to be uniform and approved by the Wyoming Community College Commission and the Wyoming State Department of Audit (W.S. 16-4-104).

Revenue sources that support LCCC's budget include tuition, fees, local four mill tax levy, state appropriations and investment income, optional tax levies (one mill board of trustee authorized and up to five mills with the approval of the voters in the taxing district), grants, auxiliary enterprise funds, bond funds and agency funds.

#### Current Fund

The Current Fund includes tuition, fees, four mill tax levy income, state appropriation, investment income and other income related to operations. Tuition is established by the Wyoming Community College Commission (W.S. 21-18-202(a)(ii)). Fees are established by the Board of Trustees (W.S. 21-18-303(a)(viii)). The local four mill tax levy is required of each community college district to be eligible to receive state funding (W.S. 21-18-205). State appropriations are provided to LCCC based on a funding allocation model approved by the Wyoming Community College Commission (W.S. 21-18-205). Investment income and any other income source that may be provided to LCCC are included in the Current Fund of LCCC's accounts.

#### One Mill Fund (W.S. 21-18-303 (b))

The Board of Trustees may approve up to one additional mill levy on the assessed valuation of the community college district for a period not to exceed two years for the regular support and operation of LCCC. Notice of the intent to levy the tax is required to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the district at least 30 days before the hearing date. The tax may be renewed every two years provided a public hearing and the 30-day notification requirement has been met. The Board approved this funding source at their meeting on June 18, 2014.

#### Five Mill Fund (W.S. 21-18-311(f))

The Board of Trustees may submit to qualified electors a proposition calling for an additional mill levy not to exceed five mills on the assessed value of the district for LCCC purposes for four years. The Laramie County voters approved the levy on November 3, 1998. These funds were used for LCCC's campus renewal, deferred maintenance and renovation plan. Fiscal Year 2004 was the fourth and final year of collections from this funding source.

#### Restricted Funds (W.S. 21-18-303 (a)(ix))

The Board of Trustees may "enter into agreements with any public or private agency, institution, person or corporation for the performance of acts or for the furnishing of services or facilities by or for the community college district or for the joint performance of an act or function or the joint furnishing of services and facilities and the other party to the agreement."

LCCC enters into many agreements with the federal and state government. A smaller share of funds is received by LCCC from local government and private entity agreements. These agreements require separate accounting and reporting of these funds. Pell grants and Direct Student Loans that flow through LCCC to students are the largest accounts processed through this fund. Many state competitive grants are also processed through this fund.

#### **BUDGET AMENDMENTS**

The Board of Trustees approves all budget amendments as provided by the Wyoming Municipal Fiscal Procedures Act W.S.16-4. For fiscal year 2015, the Board approved four amendments.

The first amendment was a decrease to the unrestricted operating fund in the amount of \$31,679. In the fall of 2014, the Wyoming Community College Commission staff collected new information related to local revenue collection estimates from all of the State's seven community colleges. This new revenue information was added into the formula funding model and the State appropriation allocation was redistributed to each college. After the redistribution of funds, LCCC received a decrease of \$505,304 in our State Appropriation and an increase of \$473,625 in the Local Appropriation for a net decrease of \$31,679.

The second amendment was an increase to the unrestricted operating fund. Increased tuition revenue for community services was collected in the amount of \$60,000. This amount was used to cover increased adjunct costs and contract services in Public Services.

The third amendment was to increase the Federal Fund budget by \$56,700. When the budget is prepared at the beginning of the fiscal year, it is not known what new grants will be received during the year. This year, LCCC received a WICHE-Interstate Passport Initiative grant in the amount of \$56,700.

The fourth amendment was an increase to the Auxiliary Fund. The budget authority for Facilities Rental was increased by \$55,000 to cover increased contract food services expenses and other miscellaneous expenses. Of the \$55,000 amount, \$40,000 came from the Facilities Rental fund balance and the remaining \$15,000 is increased revenue collections for FY 2015.

#### **FINAL OBSERVATION**

The mission of Laramie County Community College is to transform our student's lives through the power of inspired learning. We are bound by a basic understanding that our students, regardless of how they arrive at LCCC, yearn for a better life by engaging in the process of acquiring knowledge. Thus, we are compelled to aid this transformation by offering diverse educational experiences designed to be inspirational for all those involved in the learning process.

To guide LCCC in fulfilling its mission, a comprehensive strategic plan was developed for the years 2013-2020. This plan is currently going through a "refresh" process to document progress on its goals and strategies, as well as to ensure it is current, relevant, and focusing LCCC on continued advancement. Early indications suggest LCCC is making substantial progress and producing the desired outcomes. Thus, LCCC has positioned itself to be nimble and responsive to the changing needs of our community, state, region and the nation.

Current and future budgets are/will be tied to the achievement of the goals within the strategic plan. These include the following four strategic goals that guide our work today and through the year 2020:

- 1. Increase the number of students earning high-value credentials by reinventing LCCC's programs and services to be designed for the 21st century learners and aligned to drive the economic and social futures of Southeastern Wyoming.
- 2. Strengthen relationships and connections with key community partners, such as K12, UW and other fouryear institutions, and business and industry to improve student transitions between educational entities and into the workforce.
- 3. Build the organizational capacity to thrive in the future by focusing on establishing a climate of trust; an effective, efficient and entrepreneurial workforce; and a culture of continuous improvement.
- 4. Transform LCCC's physical environment into a vibrant and appealing place conducive to the engagement of students and community through campus renovations, additional facilities, and beautiful grounds.

LCCC continues in a strong financial condition allowing us to preserve the core operations and prepare for the future. LCCC has positioned the institution to withstand future budget cuts, while moving the college forward in achieving the Strategic Plan goals. The economic outlook is guarded but positive. LCCC resides in a state and community that supports higher education both in voice and in funding.

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015 and 2014

June 30, 2015 and 2014		2014
ASSETS	2015	(Note 1)
Current Assets		( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 12,253,983	\$ 15,875,302
Investments (Note 2)	5,064,162	75,000
Accounts receivable, net	4,477,314	3,475,027
Property taxes receivable	9,321,294	6,081,358
Prepaid expense	42,228	48,217
Total current assets	31,158,981	25,554,904
Noncurrent Assets	,	
Restricted cash (Note 2)	1,058,428	293,389
Restricted investments (Note 2)	27,751,534	1,973,141
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Notes 3 and 5)	57,655,993	58,097,760
Investments held by others	10,798,387	9,566,892
·	97,264,342	69,931,182
Total assets	128,423,323	95,486,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Outflows (Note 7)	2,137,211	-
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	807,665	885,848
Payroll and related liabilities	1,536,830	1,589,614
Accrued compensated absences (Note 4)	821,875	937,765
Accrued interest payable (Note 4)	190,939	130,636
Advance tuition payments	241,160	252,786
Custodial deposits (Note 9)	1,136,706	918,596
Capital lease obligation (Notes 4 and 5)	35,804	34,913
Current maturities of bonds payable (Note 4)	2,574,205	1,088,802
Total current liabilities	7,345,184	5,838,960
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Liability for voluntary termination (Note 4)	985,995	1,010,716
Accrued compensated absences (Note 4)	244,495	280,111
Capital lease obligation (Notes 4 and 5)	36,716	72,522
Long-term bonds payable (Note 4)	37,638,949	14,855,540
Net pension liability (Note 7)	11,627,344	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	50,533,499	16,218,889
Total liabilities	57,878,683	22,057,849
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Property Taxes	8,628,317	5,834,387
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	41,969,108	42,045,983
Restricted for:	, ,	
Expendable:		
Scholarships	231,229	2,060,356
Capital projects	2,049,267	1,315,995
Nonexpendable	8,667,686	7,784,574
Unrestricted	11,136,244	14,386,942
Total net position	\$ 64,053,534	\$ 67,593,850

# LARAMIE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMPONENT UNIT - LARAMIE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2014 and 2013

ASSETS		2014		2013
Current Assets				4
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,424,825	\$	2,210,435
Receivables:				
Accrued interest		5,178		6,194
Pledges receivable for 2014 and 2013, net of allowance				
of \$11,220 and \$1,151		175,780		18,032
Endowment challenge program receivable		340,619		49,162
Grants receivable		0-	P	22,256
Total current assets		2,946,402	1	2,306,079
Noncurrent Assets		\( \)		
Pledges receivable for 2014 and 2013, net of allowance of				
\$31,780 and \$29,949 and discount of \$50,000 and \$50,000,		"		
less current portion		447,886		419,146
Property	7	66,743		66,743
Investments:				
Certificates of deposit (Note 2)		329,149		461,717
Marketable securities (Note 2)		20,199,258		17,887,873
Other investments		3,665		3,665
Total noncurrent assets		21,046,701		18,839,144
Total assets	\$	23,993,103	\$	21,145,223
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,276	\$	16,556
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Charitable gift annuity		257,305		261,312
Investments held for others (Note 2)		9,867,308		8,932,470
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,124,613		9,193,782
TO 4-1 12-1-1242		10 122 000		0.210.220
Total liabilities		10,133,889		9,210,338
Net Assets				
Unrestricted, undesignated		(60,386)		(100,578)
Temporarily restricted		2,870,235		2,217,358
Permanently restricted		11,049,365		9,818,105
Total net assets		13,859,214		11,934,885
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	23,993,103	\$	21,145,223

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

2 0013 221000 0 0010 0 0, 2 0 2 0 0010 2 0 1		2014
	2015	(Note 1)
Operating Revenues		
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of		
\$482,833 and \$1,016,643)	\$ 10,372,584	\$ 9,938,247
Federal grants and contracts	1,913,371	1,804,919
State and local grants and contracts	1,074,302	1,492,561
Auxiliary enterprise charges	3,406,064	3,322,432
Other operating revenues	222,524	420,658
Total operating revenues	16,988,845	16,978,817
Operating Expenses (Note 12)		
Instruction	20,177,629	19,703,495
Public service	416,256	447,038
Academic support	6,241,329	6,701,981
Student services	3,980,802	4,000,550
Institutional support	8,000,240	7,514,764
Operation and maintenance of plant	5,819,718	4,977,537
Scholarships	14,281,589	13,215,710
Auxiliary enterprises	2,622,286	2,422,421
Depreciation	3,847,089	3,800,630
Total operating expenses	65,386,938	62,784,126
Operating (loss)	(48,398,093)	(45,805,309)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Non-exchange Federal and state grants	12,418,561	12,161,995
State appropriations	31,226,214	25,185,336
Local appropriations	9,582,502	6,555,970
Net investment income	835,018	1,712,246
Interest expense	(1,243,363)	(598,434)
Interest refund	111,801	119,254
Net nonoperating revenues	52,930,733	45,136,367
Income (loss) before other revenue, expenses,		
gains or losses	4,532,640	(668,942)
Other Revenue, Expenses, Gains or Losses		
State endowment appropriation	883,112	192,505
Increase (decrease) in net position	5,415,752	(476,437)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Position, beginning of year, as previously stated	67,593,850	68,070,287
Restatement to prior year (Note 7)	(8,956,068)	-
Net Position, beginning of year, as restated	58,637,782	68,070,287
Net Position, end of year	\$ 64,053,534	\$ 67,593,850

# LARAMIE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMPONENT UNIT - LARAMIE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION

# STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets		
Revenue, gains and other support:		
Administrative fees	\$ 502,234	\$ 470,441
Net investment income	68,474	31,219
Grants	140,722	230,721
Net assets released from restrictions	953,697	1,757,577
Total unrestricted revenue, gains and		
other support	1,665,127	2,489,958
Expenses:	10,	
Program services:		
College support	1,116,674	1,245,266
Management and fundraising	508,261	495,106
Total expenses	1,624,935	1,740,372
Increase in unrestricted net assets	40,192	749,586
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Changes in Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		
Gifts	765,764	544,852
Net investment income	900,810	1,880,509
Net assets released from restrictions	(953,697)	(1,757,577)
Transfers to permanently restricted net assets	(60,000)	_
Increase in temporarily restricted		
net assets	652,877	667,784
Changes in Permanently Restricted Net Assets		
Gifts	1,176,228	173,439
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(4,968)	·
Transfers from temporarily restricted net assets	60,000	-
Increase in permanently restricted net assets	1,231,260	186,111
Change in net assets	1,924,329	1,603,481
Net Assets, beginning	11,934,885	10,331,404
Net Assets, ending	\$ 13,859,214	\$ 11,934,885

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

Tears Ended June 30, 2013 and 2014	2015		2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2010		2011
	\$ 17,553,829	\$	17,122,346
Payments to employees and fringe benefits	(32,831,669)		(31,204,611)
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(14,734,466)		(13,624,679)
Payments for scholarships	(14,281,589)		(13,215,710)
Other receipts	222,786		1,092,475
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(44,071,109)		(39,830,179)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(11,011,10)		(5),50,50,7
Non-exchange Federal and state grants	12,418,561		12,162,195
State appropriations	30,208,164		25,185,336
Local appropriations	9,136,496	~ /	6,544,733
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	51,763,221	7	43,892,264
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	31,703,221		13,072,201
Purchases of investments	(30,754,685)		
Interest received on investments	822,238		369,125
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(29,932,447)		369,125
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2),)32,441)		307,123
Cash paid for capital assets	(2.419.900)		(2.907.620)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	(3,418,806)		(3,897,630)
Payment of bond principal	26,754,342 (2,496,097)		(1,085,000)
State endowment invested in Foundation	(1,231,495)		(192,505)
State endowment appropriation	883,112		192,505
Principal paid on capital lease	(34,913)		(203,117)
Interest paid on capital lease and bonds	(1,183,889)		(605,341)
Interest refund	111,801		119,254
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related	111,001		117,231
financing activities	19,384,055		(5,671,834)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,856,280)		(1,240,624)
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Beginning of year	16,168,691		17,409,315
End of year	\$ 13,312,411	\$	16,168,691
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	+,,		
Operating (loss)	\$ (48,398,093)	\$	(45,805,309)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net	ψ (40,520,025)	Ψ	(13,003,307)
cash (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	3,847,089		3,800,630
Loss on disposal of assets	13,484		1,013,565
Net pension expense	534,065		, , , <u>-</u>
Changes in assets and liabilities:	•		
Receivables, net, and cash with fiscal agent	27,067		171,100
Inventories	-		324,999
Prepaid items	5,989		184,415
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	62,422		555,213
Deferred revenue	(11,626)		(4,547)
Accrued compensated absences	(151,506)		(70,245)
Total adjustments	4,326,984		5,975,130
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (44,071,109)	\$	(39,830,179)
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Unrealized gain on investments held by Foundation	\$ 2,035,106	\$	1,314,069

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1.** Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Nature of activities</u>: Laramie County Community College (the "College") is a public institution of higher education. The College's main campus is located in Cheyenne, Wyoming. It is governed by a Board of Trustees (the "Board") comprised of seven elected trustees and is subject to the laws of the State of Wyoming. The College was created in 1969 to serve the post secondary educational needs of the citizens of Laramie County, Wyoming. Since its inception, the College has grown to annually serve approximately 3,730 full-time equivalent students at four education centers in two counties. The College is a municipal corporation formed under and subject to the requirements of the Wyoming State Statutes.

Reporting entity: As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component unit the Laramie County Community College Foundation (the "Foundation") and Laramie County Community College Building Authority (the "Authority").

The Foundation was organized to develop and sustain support for the College through solicitation, management, and recognition of donations. The Foundation is dedicated to providing services and assistance to the students, faculty, staff and community, thereby enhancing a sense of tradition and pride that will assist in advancing the College. The Foundation's year-end is December 31.

The Foundation is a private not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under the Financial Accounting Standards Board Codification Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. As such, certain presentation features are different from GASB presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences; however, significant note disclosures to the Foundation's financial statements have been incorporated into the College's notes to the financial statements.

Financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained by calling the Foundation at (307) 778-5222.

The Authority was created May 18, 2005 as a public benefit corporation financing construction, ownership and operation of real and personal property to be used by the College. The Authority is a separate legal entity from the College but is considered a blended component unit of the College and is reported in its financial statements.

The Authority has authorized the issuance of bonds as necessary to provide sufficient funds for construction and purchase of student dorms, dining facility, and Albany County Campus. Those bonds do not constitute a debt of the College or any political subdivision thereof.

<u>Basis of accounting</u>: For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Cash equivalents</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Accounts receivable: Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the Federal Government, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. The College considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible at June 30, 2015; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts is deemed necessary.

<u>Property tax receivable</u>: Property tax receivable includes delinquent property tax receivable and property taxes assessed during the year which will be levied and billed in the subsequent year.

<u>Investments</u>: The College accounts for its investments at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

<u>Capital assets</u>: The College records capital assets at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair market value at the date of donation. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 40 years for buildings, 20 years for infrastructure and land improvements, 5 years for library materials, and 3 to 10 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment.

The College does not capitalize works of art or historical treasures that are held for exhibition, education, research and public service. These collections are neither disposed of for financial gain nor encumbered in any means. Accordingly, such collections are not recognized or capitalized for financial statement purposes.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Employee vacation pay is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued vacation payable in the statement of net position, and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Compensated absences other than vacation, are nonvesting benefits and, accordingly, are reflected as expenses in the accompanying financial statements only when used.

Advance tuition payments and deferred property taxes: Deferred revenue consists primarily of amounts received for summer school tuition and fees related to future fiscal years and property taxes assessed during the year which will be levied and recognized as revenue in the subsequent year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Noncurrent liabilities</u>: Noncurrent liabilities include estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences, capital lease obligation, bonds payable, the net pension liability and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

Net position: The College's net position is classified as follows:

*Net investment in capital assets:* This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt and capital lease obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted net position – nonexpendable: Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted net position – expendable: Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

*Unrestricted net position:* Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state and local appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

<u>Classification of revenues</u>: The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as: (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) Federal, state and local grants and contracts and Federal appropriations.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state and local appropriations and investment income.

Scholarship discounts and allowances: Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for the goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other Federal, state or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Property taxes</u>: Property taxes are assessed as of January 1. Taxes are levied on or about August 1 and payable in two installments on November 1 and March 1. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for all municipalities and political subdivisions within the County, including Laramie County Community College. The College's property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

Accounting estimates: The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

<u>Federal direct loans</u>: The College makes loans to students under the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program. Under this program, the U.S. Department of Education makes interest subsidized and nonsubsidized loans directly to students through institutions like the College. Direct student loan receivables are not included in the College's combined statements of net position as the loans are repayable directly to the U.S. Department of Education. In 2015, the College received and disbursed \$6,791,056 under the Federal Direct Loan Program on behalf of the U.S. Department of Education, which is included as nonoperating revenues (non-exchange Federal and state grants) and operating expense (scholarships) on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

<u>Bond issuance costs</u>: Bond issuance costs consist of bond issuance costs, including underwriter discounts. The bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

<u>Defined benefit pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wyoming Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from the WRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Recent pronouncements: In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which replaces GASB No.27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers, for the most government pensions. This statement requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual cost of the pension benefits. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). This statement is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2014. Accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this statement were applied beginning in the year ended June 30, 2015 retroactively by restating the beginning net position. While June 30, 2014 is presented, this column was not restated as the information to do so was not readily available. See discussion of prior period restatement in Note 7.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In February 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement fate. In addition, this statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. This statement is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2015.

# Component Unit - Laramie County Community College Foundation:

A summary of the Foundation's significant accounting policies is as follows:

<u>Basis of accounting</u>: The Foundation conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to not-for-profit entities. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. The financial statements reflect unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted net assets and activities. Net assets of the two restricted classes are created only by donor-imposed restrictions on their use. All other net assets, including board designated or appropriated amounts, are reported as part of the unrestricted class.

<u>Contributions</u>: Contributions received are recorded as increases in unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted net position depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenue or gain in the period received as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses, depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give are recognized only when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met and promises become unconditional.

<u>Donated services and materials</u>: To the extent that contributions of materials made to the Foundation are objectively measurable and represent program or support expenditures, they are reflected in the financial statements at their fair market value. No amounts have been reflected in the statements for donated services since the services do not require specialized skills.

<u>Donated assets</u>: Donated marketable securities and other noncash donations are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the date of donation.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: For purposes of cash flows, the Foundation considers all demand deposits, money market funds and highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Foundation maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Foundation believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: The Foundation employees' vacation pay is accrued at year end through the Foundation for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year end as accrued vacation payable in the statements of financial position, and as a component of management and fundraising in the statements of activities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Advertising</u>: Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$3,879 and \$21,086, respectively.

<u>Investments</u>: The Foundation carries investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair value and all investments in debt securities at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change of net assets in the accompanying statement of activities. Investment income and gains restricted by donors are reported as increases in unrestricted net position if the restrictions are met (either a stipulated time period ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

<u>Fair value measurements</u>: The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a framework for fair value measurement and disclosure. It requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Ouoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The Foundation has valued its investments utilizing the Level 1 approach. The Foundation has valued its certificates of deposit at cost.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Investment pool</u>: The Foundation maintains master investment accounts for its donor-restricted endowments. Realized and unrealized gains and losses from securities in the master investment accounts are allocated to the individual endowments based on the relationship of the value of each endowment to the total value of the master investment accounts, as adjusted for additions to or deductions from those accounts. These gains and losses are accounted for in temporarily restricted net asset category that correspond to each endowment unless the temporary restricted net asset category corresponding to endowments is reduced to zero at which time any remaining losses are allocated to unrestricted net assets.

<u>Expense allocation</u>: The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities.

<u>Property and improvements</u>: Property and improvements are stated at cost, or if donated, at approximate fair market value on the date of the donation. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated assets to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life. Amortization of software is recorded over 36 months. Repairs are expensed as incurred. New equipment with an original cost of \$1,000 or more is capitalized.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Income taxes</u>: The Foundation is an exempt organization for income tax purposes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the Foundation qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2).

Management evaluated the Foundation's tax positions and concluded that the Foundation had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustments to the financial statements. With few exceptions, the Foundation is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. Federal, state or local tax authorities except for the last three years filed.

<u>Donor restrictions</u>: Donors can change their designations from the different net asset classifications.

### Note 2. Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments

#### Laramie County Community College:

Wyoming Statute 9-4-817 authorizes agencies of the State to deposit public funds in financial institutions authorized to do business in the State of Wyoming. These deposits must be fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or secured by a pledge of assets including any bonds, debentures and other securities in which the State Treasurer may by law invest or a depository may pledge conventional real estate mortgages and notes connected with mortgages at a ratio of one and one-half to one of the value of public funds secured by the securities. The Authority is not an agency of the State and maintains its cash deposits at a financial institution in a money market fund invested in U.S. Government securities.

College investment policy specifies that internally invested funds may be invested in a combination of U.S. Treasury bills, notes, bonds, U.S. Government securities, bankers acceptances, local government investment pools, time certificates of deposit (both commercial banks and savings and loan institutions), and commercial paper. Investment goals for internally invested funds are designed to achieve a return that attains a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, preserve the principal balance in the overall portfolio and maintain liquidity to meet spending requirements. Custodial services are utilized to safeguard the assets and provide monthly reports.

It is the policy of the College to invest endowment funds under a memorandum of agreement with the Laramie County Community College Foundation.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits of the College is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to them. At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the College's demand deposits, including certificates of deposit treated as investments, were \$12,253,983 and bank balances were \$13,912,238, with Federal insurance and pledged securities totaling \$20,369,693.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Restricted cash: As a requirement of the 2014 Bond Issuance, the College was required to establish a mandatory maintenance and repair fund, of not less than 7% of bond proceeds, for the specific purpose of maintenance, repair, and facility obsolescence for the buildings funded by the bond. As of June 30, 2015, \$102,525 remained in the maintenance and repair account.

As of June 30, 2015, \$264,170 was held to be used to complete construction of the Health Sciences Building, \$15,427 was held for the Flex-Tech Building, and \$35,812 was held in bond reserve funds for the Building Authority.

As of June 30, 2015, the College had cash in WYOSTAR, a State of Wyoming investment pool, of \$640,494 held for construction of the Flex-Tech Building and Student Center. The College had no WYOSTAR investments as of June 30, 2014.

#### Investments:

*Interest rate risk*: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Neither the College nor the Authority have a formal policy addressing interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2015, the College had unrestricted investments with weighted average maturities as shown in the following table. The College had no internally held investments at June 30, 2014.

	Cost	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity in Years
Investment type:			
Certificates of deposit	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds	2,503,570	2,502,411	3.54
Government agencies	2,097,255	2,094,140	3.15
Government bonds	182,000	182,665	4.28
Money market funds	209,946	209,946	_
	\$ 5,067,771	\$ 5,064,162	=

*Credit risk*: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Neither the College nor the Authority have a formal policy addressing credit risk. The College's investments in U.S. agencies all carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. Government.

(/) /	Rating
Government bonds:	
Federal Farm Credit Banks	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Associations	AAA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Authority and the College had restricted investments as shown in the following table:

	2014 2015		_		
	Fair Value		Maturity	Rate	Rating
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 646,194	\$ 648,528	3/24/2022	2.250%	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	-	3,500,315	7/21/2015	0.260%	AAA
Federal Farm Credit Bank	-	6,250,063	1/1/2016	0.270%	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	258,495	261,483	11/15/2024	2.500%	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	-	6,349,688	4/11/2016	2.375%	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	-	2,099,475	7/5/2016	0.375%	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	-	5,743,327	10/15/2015	4.375%	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	1,068,452	1,076,000	6/27/2018	1.250%	AAA
Federal Farm Credit Bank	-	385,056	7/24/2031	3.020%	AAA
First Federal Credit Control		1,437,600	4/27/2029	2.930%	AAA
	\$1,973,141	\$ 27,751,535	<u>. ハーレー</u>		

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the College will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk. Investments are held in safekeeping by external custodians in the College's name.

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the College's investment in a single issuer. Concentration of risk is not formally addressed in the College's investment policy. At June 30, 2015, more than 5% of the College's investments are in U.S. Treasury notes and bonds and Government agencies (FHFA, Federal Farm Credit, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac). These investments are 50.16% and 42.04%, respectively of the College's total investments.

#### Laramie County Community College Foundation:

The carrying values and fair values of certificates of deposit and marketable securities for the Foundation are as follows at December 31, 2014:

	2014			2013		
				Fair	Fair	
		Cost		Value	 Value	
Certificates of deposit	\$	329,149	\$	329,149	\$ 461,717	
Marketable securities:						
Equity securities	\$	4,793,901	\$	6,528,637	\$ 6,200,900	
Corporate debt securities		4,155,076		4,081,650	3,566,448	
Municipal debt securities		149,997		155,106	221,670	
Mutual funds		7,828,205		8,466,008	7,427,583	
Other		880,000		967,857	 471,272	
Total marketable securities	\$	17,807,179	\$	20,199,258	\$ 17,887,873	

Concentration of credit risk: The Foundation's investment policy is as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The investment portfolio should be adequately diversified to provide maximum earnings, safety of the corpus of the portfolio, and allow for expenditure needs. A mix of investments both within managed mutual funds and for the entire portfolio will be recommended by the investment manager at least annually.

The target allocation is as follows:

Target Allocation	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Fixed Income: U.S. Investment Grade	20%	30%	40%
Equity	55%	65%	75%
Alternatives	0%	5%	10%

The equities total shall be the sum of all equities owned either as individual stocks or within mutual funds. At least one-half of the equity portfolio shall be invested in large capitalization stocks of the United States with the remainder to be invested in small-medium capitalization stocks of the United States and large capitalization stocks of companies located outside the United States.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: The Foundation is also exposed to investment fair value loss arising from increased interest rates. The Foundation's policy for fixed-income portfolios is as follows:

*U.S. fixed-income* – *investment grade*: The Board will be managing the U.S. fixed income portfolio (i.e. debt issued by the U.S. Government and its agencies, marketable corporate bonds, debentures, preferred stock, commercial paper, certificates of deposit). The investment manager will not be authorized to purchase securities classified as U.S. fixed income.

*Prohibited investments*: The Board will normally not authorize investment in the following asset categories:

Venture capital
Private placement or other securities not publicly traded
Short sales or margin purchases
Direct placement of mortgages
Commodities

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At December 31, 2014, the following table shows the fixed-income investments by type, amount and maturity:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 5	More than 5
Corporate Bonds	\$4,081,650	\$ 2,980,864	\$ 1,100,786	\$ -
Municipal Bonds	155,106	102,232	52,874	<u>_</u>
	\$4,236,756	\$ 3,083,096	\$ 1,153,660	\$ -

The distribution of quality rating of debt securities in the Foundation's investment portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2014 is as follows:

Quality rating:	
AA	\$ 256,058
A	538,875
BBB	3,441,823
Total credit risk debt securities	\$ 4,236,756

<u>Investments held for others</u>: The Foundation received funds from the College to invest on its behalf pursuant to the requirements of the Wyoming Community College Endowment Challenge Program under Wyoming Session Laws, Chapter 117. Under the terms of this program, the Foundation has solicited contributions for its endowment funds. These contributions were reported to the State of Wyoming, which made a matching contribution to the College. The College invested these funds with the Foundation as required by statute. The Foundation is required to invest the money and use the investment earnings to fund endowments consistent with the original donor's intent.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Foundation held \$9,867,308 and \$8,932,470, respectively, of investments for the College.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 3. Capital Assets

Following are the changes in capital assets for the College for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

June 30,   2014   Additions   Transfers   Retirements   2015			Balance								Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:         Land         \$ 870,564         \$ - 2,948,050         \$ - 2,711,321         \$ - 2,848,052         \$ - 3,603,524         \$ - 3,235,066           Total capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets:           Infrastructure         \$ 3,603,324         \$ - 2         \$ - 3         \$ - 2         \$ 3,603,324           Land improvements         4,112,449         \$ - 2         \$ 716,372         \$ - 2         \$ 4,828,821           Buildings         86,775,428         29,196         \$ 71,149         \$ - 2         \$ 87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         \$ 952,258         \$ - 2         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         \$ - 2         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         (10,916,2656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         \$ - 2         (2,073,236)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         \$ - 2         (2			June 30,								June 30,
Land         \$ 870,564         \$         \$         \$         \$ 870,564           Construction in progress         2,948,050         2,711,321         (1,287,521)         7,348         4,364,502           Total capital assets not being depreciated         ** 3,818,614*         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets:           Unificative cure         \$ 3,603,324         \$         \$         \$         \$ 3,603,324           Land improvements         4,112,449         *         716,372         *         87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         * 592,258         *         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         * 86,031         * 1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         * -         (2073,236)         (2223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         * -         (41,160,049)           Furni			2014		Additions		Transfers	R	etirements	- (	2015
Construction in progress         2,948,050         2,711,321         (1,287,521)         (7,348)         4,364,502           Total capital assets not being depreciated         3,818,614         2,711,321         (1,287,521)         (7,348)         5,235,066           Other capital assets:         Infrastructure         3,603,324         8         -         \$         -         \$         4,828,821           Buildings         86,775,428         29,196         571,149         -         87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         592,258         -         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         2         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (4,1160,049)           Puriture, fixtures and equipmen	Capital assets not being depreciated:								A	1	
Total capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets:           Infrastructure         \$ 3,603,324         \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ . \$ \$ . \$ \$ . \$ .	Land	\$	870,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- '	\$	870,564
being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets:           Infrastructure         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,224         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,224         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 4,828,821         \$ 1,287,521         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 4,828,821         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 1,287,577         \$ -         \$ 20,049,190         \$ -         \$ 1,694,171         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 1,694,171         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 1,694,171         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 1,694,171         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 2,073,236         \$ -         \$ 1,694,171         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 2,273,908         \$ -         \$ 1,287,521         \$ 363,667         \$ 106,793,995         \$ -         \$ 2,223,908         \$ -         \$ 2,223,9	Construction in progress		2,948,050		2,711,321		(1,287,521)		(7,348)	7	4,364,502
Other capital assets:           Infrastructure         \$ 3,603,324         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 3,603,324           Land improvements         4,112,449         -         716,372         -         4,828,821           Buildings         86,775,428         29,196         571,149         -         87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         592,258         -         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -	Total capital assets not										
Infrastructure	being depreciated	\$	3,818,614	\$	2,711,321	\$	(1,287,521)	\$	(7,348)	\$	5,235,066
Infrastructure											
Land improvements         4,112,449         -         716,372         -         4,828,821           Buildings         86,775,428         29,196         571,149         -         87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         592,258         -         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531	Other capital assets:								\		
Buildings         86,775,428         29,196         571,149         -         87,375,773           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         592,258         -         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,447,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321 <td< td=""><td>Infrastructure</td><td>\$</td><td>3,603,324</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>3,603,324</td></td<>	Infrastructure	\$	3,603,324	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	3,603,324
Furniture, fixtures and equipment         8,930,139         592,258         -         (230,491)         9,291,906           Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (7,348)         5,235,066           Other capital assets	Land improvements		4,112,449		-		716,372		-		4,828,821
Library materials         1,741,316         86,031         -         (133,176)         1,694,171           Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets	Buildings		86,775,428		29,196		571,149		-		87,375,773
Total other capital assets         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets, net         \$3,818,614         \$2,711,321         \$(1,287,521)         \$(7,348)         \$5,235,066           Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,88	Furniture, fixtures and equipment		8,930,139		592,258	- /	- 1		(230,491)		9,291,906
Less accumulated depreciation for:         Infrastructure         (1,951,071)         (106,501)         (15,664)         -         (2,073,236)           Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets, net         \$ 54,279,146         \$ (3,139,604)         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (6,136)         \$ 52,420,927           Capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciatio	Library materials		1,741,316		86,031				(133,176)		1,694,171
Infrastructure	Total other capital assets		105,162,656		707,485		1,287,521		(363,667)		106,793,995
Land improvements         (1,994,097)         (229,811)         -         -         (2,223,908)           Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets, net         \$ 54,279,146         \$ (3,139,604)         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (6,136)         \$ 52,420,927           Capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Less accumulated depreciation for:				CX						_
Buildings         (38,488,539)         (2,687,174)         15,664         -         (41,160,049)           Furniture, fixtures and equipment         (6,971,835)         (735,770)         -         224,355         (7,483,250)           Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets, net         \$54,279,146         \$(3,139,604)         \$1,287,521         \$(6,136)         \$52,420,927           Capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         \$(7,348)         \$5,235,066           Other capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Infrastructure		(1,951,071)		(106,501)		(15,664)		-		(2,073,236)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Library materials (1,477,968) (87,833) - 133,176 (1,432,625)  Total accumulated depreciation Other capital assets, net (50,883,510) (3,847,089) - 357,531 (54,373,068)  Capital asset summary:  Capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets, at cost 105,162,656 707,485 1,287,521 (363,667) 106,793,995  Total cost of capital assets 108,981,270 3,418,806 - (371,015) 112,029,061  Less accumulated depreciation (50,883,510) (3,847,089) - 357,531 (54,373,068)	Land improvements		(1,994,097)		(229,811)		-		-		(2,223,908)
Library materials         (1,477,968)         (87,833)         -         133,176         (1,432,625)           Total accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Other capital assets, net         \$ 54,279,146         \$ (3,139,604)         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (6,136)         \$ 52,420,927           Capital assets summary:         Capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Buildings		(38,488,539)	ا م	(2,687,174)		15,664		-		(41,160,049)
Total accumulated depreciation Other capital assets, net         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)           Capital asset summary:         \$ 54,279,146         \$ (3,139,604)         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (6,136)         \$ 52,420,927           Capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets, at cost Other capital assets, at cost Other capital assets         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets         \$ 105,162,656         707,485         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (363,667)         \$ 106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         \$ 108,981,270         \$ 3,418,806         -         \$ (371,015)         \$ 112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         \$ (50,883,510)         \$ (3,847,089)         -         \$ 357,531         \$ (54,373,068)	Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(6,971,835)		(735,770)		-		224,355		(7,483,250)
Other capital assets, net         \$ 54,279,146         \$ (3,139,604)         \$ 1,287,521         \$ (6,136)         \$ 52,420,927           Capital asset summary:           Capital assets not being depreciated         \$ 3,818,614         \$ 2,711,321         \$ (1,287,521)         \$ (7,348)         \$ 5,235,066           Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Library materials		(1,477,968)	) ′	(87,833)		-		133,176		(1,432,625)
Capital asset summary:  Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 3,818,614 \$ 2,711,321 \$ (1,287,521) \$ (7,348) \$ 5,235,066  Other capital assets, at cost 105,162,656 707,485 1,287,521 (363,667) 106,793,995  Total cost of capital assets 108,981,270 3,418,806 - (371,015) 112,029,061  Less accumulated depreciation (50,883,510) (3,847,089) - 357,531 (54,373,068)	Total accumulated depreciation		(50,883,510)		(3,847,089)		-		357,531		(54,373,068)
Capital assets not being depreciated       \$ 3,818,614       \$ 2,711,321       \$ (1,287,521)       \$ (7,348)       \$ 5,235,066         Other capital assets, at cost       105,162,656       707,485       1,287,521       (363,667)       106,793,995         Total cost of capital assets       108,981,270       3,418,806       -       (371,015)       112,029,061         Less accumulated depreciation       (50,883,510)       (3,847,089)       -       357,531       (54,373,068)	Other capital assets, net	\$	54,279,146	\$	(3,139,604)	\$	1,287,521	\$	(6,136)	\$	52,420,927
Capital assets not being depreciated       \$ 3,818,614       \$ 2,711,321       \$ (1,287,521)       \$ (7,348)       \$ 5,235,066         Other capital assets, at cost       105,162,656       707,485       1,287,521       (363,667)       106,793,995         Total cost of capital assets       108,981,270       3,418,806       -       (371,015)       112,029,061         Less accumulated depreciation       (50,883,510)       (3,847,089)       -       357,531       (54,373,068)		S. Carrier									
Other capital assets, at cost         105,162,656         707,485         1,287,521         (363,667)         106,793,995           Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Capital asset summary:	4	, )								
Total cost of capital assets         108,981,270         3,418,806         -         (371,015)         112,029,061           Less accumulated depreciation         (50,883,510)         (3,847,089)         -         357,531         (54,373,068)	Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	3,818,614	\$	2,711,321	\$	(1,287,521)	\$	(7,348)	\$	5,235,066
Less accumulated depreciation (50,883,510) (3,847,089) - 357,531 (54,373,068)	Other capital assets, at cost		105,162,656		707,485		1,287,521		(363,667)		106,793,995
	Total cost of capital assets		108,981,270		3,418,806		-		(371,015)		112,029,061
Capital assets, net \$ 58,097,760 \$ (428,283) \$ - \$ (13,484) \$ 57,655,993	Less accumulated depreciation		(50,883,510)		(3,847,089)		-		357,531		(54,373,068)
	Capital assets, net	\$	58,097,760	\$	(428,283)	\$	-	\$	(13,484)	\$	57,655,993

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance June 30, 2013		Additions	Т	ransfers	R	Retirements		Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 870,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	870,564
Construction in progress	 1,190,774		1,775,869		(18,593)		-		2,948,050
Total capital assets not									
being depreciated	\$ 2,061,338	\$	1,775,869	\$	(18,593)	\$	-	\$	3,818,614
Other capital assets:									
Infrastructure	\$ 3,603,324	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(-	\$	3,603,324
Land improvements	4,112,449		-		-			)	4,112,449
Buildings	86,324,962		431,873		18,593	1			86,775,428
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	8,518,473		674,363		-	, 1	(262,697)		8,930,139
Library materials	1,733,093		90,076		-(	h	(81,853)		1,741,316
Total other capital assets	 104,292,301		1,196,312		18,593		(344,550)		105,162,656
Less accumulated depreciation for:					11/				
Infrastructure	(1,852,402)		(106,501)		7,832		-		(1,951,071)
Land improvements	(1,797,120)		(196,977)		7 -		-		(1,994,097)
Buildings	(35,830,478)		(2,650,229)	, O	(7,832)		-		(38,488,539)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(6,379,170)		(767,245)		-		174,580		(6,971,835)
Library materials	(1,480,144)		(79,678)		-		81,854		(1,477,968)
Total accumulated depreciation	(47,339,314)		(3,800,630)		-		256,434		(50,883,510)
Other capital assets, net	\$ 56,952,987	\$	(2,604,318)	\$	18,593	\$	(88,116)	\$	54,279,146
		1	0						
Capital asset summary:			·						
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,061,338	\$	1,775,869	\$	(18,593)	\$	-	\$	3,818,614
Other capital assets, at cost	104,292,301	7	1,196,312		18,593		(344,550)		105,162,656
Total cost of capital assets	 106,353,639		2,972,181		-		(344,550)		108,981,270
Less accumulated depreciation	(47,339,314)		(3,800,630)		-		256,434		(50,883,510)
Capital assets, net	\$ 59,014,325	\$	(828,449)	\$	_	\$	(88,116)	\$	58,097,760

# **Note 4.** Long-Term Liabilities

<u>Voluntary termination</u>: Employees of the College who meet certain employment, age and service requirements are eligible to apply for voluntary termination benefits. Upon application by a qualified employee, and subject to the recommendation of the College President and approval by the Board of Trustees, the retiring employee is entitled to receive annual voluntary termination payments. An employee's aggregate voluntary termination incentive is computed based upon his or her annual salary immediately prior to retirement, increased by 4% for each year of service in excess of ten (not to exceed an aggregate of \$75,000) plus an amount equal to 85% of the State's contribution for annual health insurance benefit at the time of termination. The aggregate termination incentive is paid over a five-year period.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements reflect an obligation of \$700,842 as of June 30, 2015, for voluntary termination benefits, which amount represents the present value (discounted at a rate of 6%) of future payments to former employees who elected to receive, and who were approved to receive, voluntary termination benefits. The financial statements also include the present value of estimated obligation for health insurance benefits of \$285,153 as of June 30, 2015.

The following summarizes scheduled future liquidation of June 30, 2015 long-term voluntary termination obligations:

	Imputed	Present	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Interest	Value	Total
2017	\$ 43,226	\$ 249,959 \$	293,185
2018	27,810	233,080	260,890
2019	13,434	172,175	185,609
2020	2,814	45,628	48,442
	\$ 87,284	\$ 700,842 \$	788,126

The College issued \$25,000,000 of general obligation bonds on July 8, 2014 for the purpose of paying the costs of planning, designing, engineering, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new Flex-Tech Building and a new University/Student Center on the Laramie County Campus. The bonds are limited obligations of the College and do not constitute an obligation or guarantee of Laramie County, Wyoming, the State of Wyoming, or any political subdivision other than the College. The bond is secured by an ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property within the Laramie Community College District without limitation of rate or amount. Should the tax for the payment of principal and interest on the bond at any time not be levied or collected in time to meet such payment, the principal or interest so maturing shall be paid out of the general fund of the College or from any other funds available for that purposes.

	Authorized		Bonds
	and	Interest	Outstanding at
	Issued	Rates	June 30, 2015
Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds	25,000,000	1.75% - 4.0%	23,775,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Aggregate maturities, including interest of \$6,889,500, required on the bonds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 805,313
2017	1,275,000	780,313
2018	1,350,000	729,313
2019	1,400,000	675,313
2020	1,500,000	650,813
2021 - 2025	8,550,000	2,419,688
2026 - 2029	8,450,000	828,747
	23,775,000	\$ 6,889,500
Original issue premium	1,583,245	
	\$ 25,358,245	

The Authority issued \$9,360,000 of revenue bonds on September 1, 2005, \$8,110,000 of revenue bonds on July 15, 2009, and \$2,815,000 of revenue bonds on November 6, 2012. The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and do not constitute an obligation or guarantee of the College or of its agencies or political subdivisions. The bonds are secured by the leased assets and repayments will be made through lease payments by the College for the use of the assets.

	Authorized		Bonds	
	and	Interest	Outstanding at	
	Issued	Rates	June 30, 2015	Maturity
Series 2005 Revenue Bonds - Residence Hall	9,360,000	4.0% - 4.5%	7,080,000	2026
Series 2009 Revenue Bonds - Dining Facility	8,110,000	5.1% - 6.25%	5,450,000	2026
Series 2012 Revenue Bonds - Albany Campus	2,815,000	1.3% - 3.1%	2,390,000	2024
Rich				

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Aggregate maturities, including interest of \$3,856,364, required on the bonds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Principal Interest
2016	\$ 1,150,000 \$ 665,014
2017	1,200,000 616,599
2018	1,280,000 563,497
2019	1,385,000 503,297
2020	1,450,000 437,571
2021 - 2025	6,705,000 1,050,698
2026	1,750,000 19,688
	14,920,000 \$ 3,856,364
Original issue discount/premium	(65,091)
	\$ 14,854,909

Balance

Amounts

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

Balance

	Burunce			Bulance	1 IIII Gaines
	June 30,			June 30,	Due Within
	2014	Additions	Reductions	2015	One Year
Other liabilities:		CX			_
Liability for voluntary termination	\$ 1,010,716	\$ 245,334	\$ 270,055	\$ 985,995	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	1,217,876	583,413	734,919	1,066,370	821,875
Capital lease obligation	107,435	_	34,915	72,520	35,804
Bonds payable	15,944,342	26,754,342	2,485,530	40,213,154	2,574,205
Total other liabilities	\$ 18,280,369	\$ 27,583,089	\$ 3,525,419	\$ 42,338,039	\$ 3,431,884
	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	June 30,	A 1.15.1	<b>75</b> . 1 . 2	June 30,	Due Within
Other liabilities:	2013	Additions	Reductions	2014	One Year
Liability for voluntary termination	\$ 1,092,800	\$ 336,252	2 \$ 418,336	\$ 1,010,716	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	1,288,121	535,368	605,613	1,217,876	937,765
Capital lease obligation	288,772	-	181,337	107,435	34,913
Bonds payable	17,018,256		1,073,914	15,944,342	1,088,802
Total other liabilities	\$ 19,687,949	\$ 871,620	\$ 2,279,200	\$ 18,280,369	\$ 2,061,480

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 5. Capital Lease

In October 2004, the College entered into a lease with the Foundation for the Albany County, Wyoming campus. This lease was purchased by the Building Authority on October 2012 and a new lease agreement was entered into with the Building Authority for the Albany County, Wyoming Campus. The leased asset is included in capital assets at the present value of the future minimum lease payments using an effective interest rate of 2.89%. The cost of the asset acquired under the capital lease is \$2,434,401 and is included in capital assets. The lease expires on August 1, 2024. The lease obligation has been eliminated in consolidation.

The College also has other capital leases for equipment at year end with an ending balance at June 30, 2015 of \$72,520, with annual payments of \$37,653.

# **Note 6.** The Foundation

The College is affiliated with the Laramie County Community College Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation serves to further the goals of the College and its students. The Foundation Board is comprised of 16 members, which include three College Board members and the College President.

# Note 7. Retirement Commitment – Wyoming Retirement System

On July 1, 2014, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which recognizes a long-term obligation for pension benefits. The accounting change adopted to conform to the provisions of GASB 68 has been applied retroactively by restating the beginning net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, which included recording a net pension obligation of \$8,956,068. As the data needed to implement this standard for all periods presented was not available for periods prior to July 1, 2014, the College has elected to not restate information presented for the period ended June 30, 2013.

Retirement commitment under GASB 27: Participants in Wyoming Retirement System (WRS) who retire at age 60 with four years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit according to predetermined formulas and are allowed to select one of five optional methods for receiving benefits. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and attained the age of 50, but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to normal retirement age. WRS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statutes. The WRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002 or by calling (307) 777-7691.

Statutes require that 14.12% of the covered employee's salary be contributed to the plan, 1.43% by the employee and 12.69% by the employer. For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the College's contributions to WRS were \$1,517,197 and \$1,492,843, respectively, which equals the required contribution for the years then ended.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Retirement commitment under GASB 68/71:

<u>Plan description</u>: Substantially all employees of the College, excluding part-time employees, unless previously grandfathered, are provided with pensions through the Public Employee Pension Plan - a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the WRS. The authority to establish and amend benefits and contributions rates rests with the Legislature of the State of Wyoming. WRS is granted the authority to administer the Plan by Wyoming State Statutes 9-3-401 through 432. WRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://retirement.state.wy.us/home/index.html">http://retirement.state.wy.us/home/index.html</a>.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: The determination of retirement benefits is dependent upon the employee's initial employment date.

Service Retirement Tier 1: Full retirement at age 60 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 50 or 25 years of service. Formula for retirement equals 2.125% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average salary for the first 15 years and 2.25% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average over 15 years.

Service Retirement Tier 2: Full retirement at age 65 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 55 or 25 years of service. Formula for retirement equals 2% times the number of years of service times the five-year highest average salary.

<u>Contributions</u>: Per Title 9-3-412 and 413 of State Statutes, for the year ended June 30, 2015, member contributions were required to be 8.25% of compensation and employer contributions were required to be 7.62% of compensation. In accordance with Title 9-3-412 (c) (ii) of State Statutes, College has elected to pay 6.445% of the members contribution in addition to the employers contribution. Effective July 1, 2015, the participant's contribution percentage increased to 8.37%. Total contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$1,829,414 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

<u>Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions</u>: At June 30, 2015, the College reported a liability of \$11,627,344 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the relationship of the College's total contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2014 to the contributions of all participating employers for the same period. At December 31, 2014, the College's proportion was 0.658887967%, which was an increase from its December 31, 2013 proportion of 0.636015822%.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,388,167. At June 30, 2015, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred
	Outflows of
	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 953,342
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	261,112
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	922,757
	\$ 2,137,211

An amount of \$922,757 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2016		\$ 324,971
2017		324,971
2018		324,971
2019		 239,541
	4	\$ 1,214,454

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.25% - 6.0%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	4.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Target Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation Rate of Return
Fixed income	15.00% 0.98%
Equity	55.00% 6.66%
Marketable alternatives	15.50% 4.19%
Private markets	12.00% 7.13%
Cash	2.50% 0.50%
	100.00%

<u>Experience analysis</u>: An experience study was conducted on behalf of all WRS's plans covering the five-year period ended December 31, 2011. That study provided a detailed analysis concerning the development of the long-term inflation rate, real rate of return and discount rate. The study also analyzed each major actuarial assumption (e.g., mortality, salary increases, retirement, termination and disability) and proposed assumptions consistent with the findings.

<u>Discount rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
X) Y	Decrease		Discount		Increase	
	 (6.75%)	F	Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)	
Proportionate share of the						_
net pension liability	\$ 11,511,071	\$	11,627,344	\$	11,743,618	
	 ·	•	·	•	·	_

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued WRS financial report available from the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002 or at <a href="http://retirement.state.wy.us/">http://retirement.state.wy.us/</a> home/index.html.

# **Note 8.** Retirement Commitment – TIAA/CREF

Eligible College employees may elect to participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA/CREF) instead of the Wyoming Retirement System. TIAA/CREF is a private defined contribution pension plan, which is portable to other institutions and states. For the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the College's contributions to TIAA/CREF were \$1,401,906, \$1,241,217 and \$1,218,596, respectively.

# Note 9. Agency Funds

The College holds in trust, funds collected by various student groups. A liability for these funds is included in the accompanying financial statements. The following summarizes activity within the student activity funds during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Student Activity Funds:		2015		2014
Beginning of year	\$	918,596	\$	808,215
Additions:				
Student fees		795,502		688,834
Allocated interest and other		2,050		1,595
Total additions		797,552		690,429
Total available funds	1	1,716,148	1	,498,644
Deductions:				
Salaries and benefits		171,478		182,160
Other noncapital expenditures		407,964		397,888
Total deductions		579,442		580,048
End of year	\$ 1	1,136,706	\$	918,596

# Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Voluntary termination</u>: As discussed in Note 4, the College offers voluntary termination to employees of the College who meet certain employment, age and service requirements. As of June 30, 2015, approximately 27 employees have met the eligibility requirements of the plan.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No liability for payment of incentive benefits to these employees has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements in as much as formal application to receive benefits has not been made by the employees and because, even if such application had been made, ultimate payment is subject to required Board approval. The estimated benefit payment requirement for the employees who meet eligibility requirements as of June 30, 2015 was approximately \$1,990,821.

Other: Amounts expended under the terms of certain grants are subject to audit and possible adjustment by governmental agencies. In the opinion of College management, any adjustments will not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2015, the remaining commitment to complete construction projects totaled approximately \$61,147. These completion costs will be paid primarily from a state appropriation for major maintenance and contingency reserve.

Bond reserve fund: For the Series 2005 Bond, the Indenture of Trust agreement with the bond trustee required the Authority to deposit \$936,000 into a separate account with the trustee. These funds may only be used to fund deficiencies in meeting bond debt service payments. Funds withdrawn from the reserve account are to be repaid in equal monthly payments over the next 12 months. No withdrawals have been made as of June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the reserve fund consists of investments with a fair market value of \$918,779 and cash of \$15,877.

For the Series 2009 Bond, the Indenture of Trust agreement with the bond trustee required the Authority to deposit \$811,000 into a separate account with the trustee. These funds may only be used to fund deficiencies in meeting bond debt service payments. Funds withdrawn from the reserve account are to be repaid in equal monthly payments over the next 12 months. No withdrawals have been made as of June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the reserve fund consists of investments with a fair market value of \$805,749 and cash of \$11,029.

For the Series 2012 Bond, there was no public issue that required a reserve requirement. However, the Authority created a reserve account where the funds may only be used to fund deficiencies in meeting bond debt service payments. No withdrawals have been made as of June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the reserve fund consists of investments with a fair market value of \$261,483 and cash of \$8,906.

# Note 11. Risk Management

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the College contracted with various insurance companies for property insurance (including boiler and machinery), general liability insurance, professional insurance, vehicle insurance, natural disaster insurance, and insurance on the dental hygiene clinic. The coverage under each type of insurance policy varies in amounts and deductibles. The College has not had significant settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The College has had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Natural Classifications with Functional Classifications

The College's operating expenses by natural classification were as follows:

	Natural Classification							
	Compensation and Benefits	8	Supplies and Services	Ι	Depreciation	Scholarship	os	Total
					2015	1	A	
Functional Classification:								
Instruction	\$ 16,338,816	\$	3,838,813	\$	-	\$ -	?	\$ 20,177,629
Public service	354,205		62,051		-			416,256
Academic support	4,671,367		1,569,962		-	\ \ \ \		6,241,329
Student services	3,226,504		754,298		-	\ \ \ \ \ \ -		3,980,802
Institutional support	5,310,779		2,689,461		_ (	<b>&gt;</b> -		8,000,240
Operation of plant	2,700,987		3,118,731		. (-)	_		5,819,718
Scholarships	-		-		\' - L	14,281,589	9	14,281,589
Auxiliary enterprises	974,602		1,647,684		( )- r	-		2,622,286
Depreciation			-		3,847,089	-		3,847,089
<b>Total expenses</b>	\$ 33,577,260	\$	13,681,000	\$	3,847,089	\$14,281,589	9 9	\$ 65,386,938
			CX	1	7			_
				,	2014			
Functional Classification:								
Instruction	\$ 16,070,124	\$	3,633,371	\$	-	\$ -	9	\$ 19,703,495
Public service	345,922		101,116		-	-		447,038
Academic support	4,547,824	"	2,154,157		-	-		6,701,981
Student services	3,046,275		954,275		-	-		4,000,550
Institutional support	4,861,949		2,652,815		-	-		7,514,764
Operation of plant	2,526,031		2,451,506		-	-		4,977,537
Scholarships	7-		-		-	13,215,710	0	13,215,710
Auxiliary enterprises	929,842		1,492,579		-	-		2,422,421
Depreciation	 -		-		3,800,630	-		3,800,630
<b>Total expenses</b>	\$ 32,327,967	\$	13,439,819	\$	3,800,630	\$13,215,710	0 9	\$ 62,784,126

# Note 13. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2015, the Building Authority refunded the Series 2005 Revenue Bonds.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employee Pension Plan Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 \*

	2015	2014
College's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.658887967%	0.636015822%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,627,344	\$ 9,669,987
College's covered employee payroll	\$ 11,551,797	\$ 11,449,247
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	1.01%	84.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.08%	81.10%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

# SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS Public Employee Pension Plan Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 952,847	\$ 850,104
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	952,847	850,104
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	s -
College's covered employee payroll	\$ 11,551,797	\$ 11,449,247
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	8.25%	7.42%

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2015

<u>Changes in benefit terms</u>: There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2013 measurement date and the December 31, 2014 measurement date.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u>: There were no changes in assumptions between the December 31, 2013 measurement date and the December 31, 2014 measurement date.



# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

June	30.	2015
June	JU,	2013

Community   College	\$ 117,908  - 1,161,226	Eliminations  \$	Total  \$ 12,253,983 5,064,162 4,477,314 9,321,294 42,228 31,158,981  1,058,428 27,751,534 57,655,993
Current Assets         \$ 12,136,075           Investments         5,064,162           Accounts receivable, net         4,477,314           Current maturities of lease         -           Interest receivable         -           Property taxes receivable         9,321,294           Prepaid expense         42,228           Total current assets         31,041,073           Noncurrent Assets         1,022,616           Restricted cash         1,022,616           Restricted investments         25,765,523           Building Authority receivable         936,000           Long-term lease         -           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         57,655,993	\$ 117,908	\$ - (1,161,226) (138,353) - (1,299,579) (936,000)	\$ 12,253,983 5,064,162 4,477,314 - 9,321,294 42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Investments         5,064,162           Accounts receivable, net         4,477,314           Current maturities of lease         -           Interest receivable         -           Property taxes receivable         9,321,294           Prepaid expense         42,228           Total current assets         31,041,073           Noncurrent Assets         8           Restricted cash         1,022,616           Restricted investments         25,765,523           Building Authority receivable         936,000           Long-term lease         -           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         57,655,993	1,161,226 138,353 - 1,417,487 35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(1,161,226) (138,353) - (1,299,579) (936,000)	5,064,162 4,477,314 - 9,321,294 42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Investments         5,064,162           Accounts receivable, net         4,477,314           Current maturities of lease         -           Interest receivable         -           Property taxes receivable         9,321,294           Prepaid expense         42,228           Total current assets         31,041,073           Noncurrent Assets         8           Restricted cash         1,022,616           Restricted investments         25,765,523           Building Authority receivable         936,000           Long-term lease         -           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         57,655,993	1,161,226 138,353 - 1,417,487 35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(138,353) - (1,299,579) - (936,000)	5,064,162 4,477,314 - 9,321,294 42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Accounts receivable, net       4,477,314         Current maturities of lease       -         Interest receivable       -         Property taxes receivable       9,321,294         Prepaid expense       42,228         Total current assets       31,041,073         Noncurrent Assets       8         Restricted cash       1,022,616         Restricted investments       25,765,523         Building Authority receivable       936,000         Long-term lease       -         Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation       57,655,993	138,353 - 1,417,487 35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243 -	(138,353) - (1,299,579) - (936,000)	4,477,314 - 9,321,294 42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Interest receivable Property taxes receivable Prepaid expense Total current assets  Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash Restricted investments Building Authority receivable Long-term lease Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation  9,321,294 42,228 31,041,073  Noncurrent Assets  1,022,616 25,765,523 936,000 25,765,523 36,000 27,655,993	138,353 - 1,417,487 35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243 -	(138,353) - (1,299,579) - (936,000)	42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Property taxes receivable 9,321,294 Prepaid expense 42,228 Total current assets 31,041,073  Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash 1,022,616 Restricted investments 25,765,523 Building Authority receivable 936,000 Long-term lease - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(1,299,579)	42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Prepaid expense         42,228           Total current assets         31,041,073           Noncurrent Assets         1,022,616           Restricted cash         25,765,523           Building Authority receivable         936,000           Long-term lease         -           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         57,655,993	35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(936,000)	42,228 31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Total current assets31,041,073Noncurrent Assets1,022,616Restricted cash1,022,616Restricted investments25,765,523Building Authority receivable936,000Long-term lease-Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation57,655,993	35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(936,000)	31,158,981 1,058,428 27,751,534
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash 1,022,616 Restricted investments 25,765,523 Building Authority receivable 936,000 Long-term lease - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	35,812 1,986,011 - 12,348,243	(936,000)	1,058,428 27,751,534 -
Restricted cash1,022,616Restricted investments25,765,523Building Authority receivable936,000Long-term lease-Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation57,655,993	1,986,011 - 12,348,243 - -		27,751,534
Restricted investments 25,765,523 Building Authority receivable 936,000 Long-term lease - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	1,986,011 - 12,348,243 - -		27,751,534
Building Authority receivable 936,000 Long-term lease - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	12,348,243 - -		-
Long-term lease - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	-		- - 57 655 003
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 57,655,993	-	(12,348,243)	- 57 655 003
	14,370,066	-	57 655 003
Investments held by others 10 798 387	14,370,066		31,033,333
	14,370,066	<u>-</u>	10,798,387
96,178,519	4 1 4 1	(13,284,243)	97,264,342
<b>Total assets</b> 127,219,592	15,787,553	(14,583,822)	128,423,323
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Outflows 2,137,211	<u> </u>	-	2,137,211
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	,		
Accounts payable 807,665	<u>-</u>	_	807,665
Payroll and related liabilities 1,536,830	_	_	1,536,830
Accrued compensated absences 821,875	_	_	821,875
Accrued interest payable 206,526	122,766	(138,353)	190,939
Advance tuition payments 241,160	-	-	241,160
Custodial deposits 1,136,706	_	_	1,136,706
Capital lease obligation 1,197,030	_	(1,161,226)	35,804
Current maturities of bonds payable 1,435,065	1,139,140	-	2,574,205
Total current liabilities 7,382,857	1,261,906	(1,299,579)	7,345,184
Noncurrent Liabilities	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Liability for voluntary termination 985,995	_	_	985,995
Accrued compensated absences 244,495	_	_	244,495
Due to Laramie County Community College	936,000	(936,000)	244,473
Capital lease obligation 12,384,959	-	(12,348,243)	36,716
Long-term bonds payable 23,923,180	13,715,769	-	37,638,949
Net pension liability 11,627,344	, , , <u>-</u>	_	11,627,344
Total noncurrent liabilities 49,165,973	14,651,769	(13,284,243)	50,533,499
Total liabilities 56,548,830	15,913,675	(14,583,822)	57,878,683
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	, ,	, , ,	
Deferred Property Taxes 8,628,317	-	-	8,628,317
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets 43,314,548	(1,345,440)	_	41,969,108
Restricted for:	(-,5 .5, )		,- 52,100
Expendable:			
Scholarships 231,229	_	_	231,229
Capital projects 2,049,267	_	-	2,049,267
Nonexpendable 8,667,686	_	-	8,667,686
Unrestricted 9,916,926	1,219,318		11,136,244
<b>Total net position</b> \$ 64,179,656	\$ (126,122)	\$ -	\$ 64,053,534

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30, 2015	Ι	aramie County Community College		Laramie County Community College Building Authority	Elim	inations		Total
Operating Revenues								
Tuition and fees	\$	10,372,584	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,372,584
Federal grants and contracts		1,913,371	·	_	·	_		1,913,371
State and local grants and contracts		1,074,302		_		_	A	1,074,302
Auxiliary enterprise charges		3,406,064		_		-	_ ′	3,406,064
Other operating revenues		222,524		_		-(		222,524
Total operating revenues		16,988,845		_			J	16,988,845
Operating Expenses		-,,						-,,
Instruction		20,177,629		-		, \ _		20,177,629
Public service		416,256		-		-		416,256
Academic support		6,241,329		17		-		6,241,329
Student services		3,980,802		\ \ \	le l	-		3,980,802
Institutional support		8,000,240		( )-1		-		8,000,240
Operation and maintenance of plant		5,806,141		13,577		_		5,819,718
Scholarships		14,281,589		-		_		14,281,589
Auxiliary enterprises		2,622,286	V	_		_		2,622,286
Depreciation		3,847,089	$\Lambda$	J -		_		3,847,089
Total operating expenses		65,373,361		13,577		-		65,386,938
		.0						
Operating (loss)		(48,384,516)		(13,577)		-		(48,398,093)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Non-exchange Federal and state grants	<b>A</b>	12,418,561		-		-		12,418,561
State appropriations	\	31,226,214		-		-		31,226,214
Local appropriations	4	9,582,502		-		-		9,582,502
Net investment income		786,943		48,075		-		835,018
Direct financing income		-		623,268	(6	523,268)		-
Interest expense		(1,147,490)		(719,141)	(	523,268		(1,243,363)
Interest refund		-		111,801		-		111,801
Net nonoperating revenues		52,866,730		64,003		-		52,930,733
Income before other revenue,								
expenses, gains or losses		4,482,214		50,426		-		4,532,640
Other Revenue, Expenses, Gains or Losses								
State endowment appropriation		883,112		-		-		883,112
Increase in net position		5,365,326		50,426		-		5,415,752
Net Position, beginning of year, as previously stated		67,770,398		(176,548)		-		67,593,850
Adjustment to prior years		(8,956,068)		-		-		(8,956,068)
Net Position, beginning of year, as restated		58,814,330		(176,548)		-		58,637,782
Net Position, end of year	\$	64,179,656	\$	(126,122)	\$	-	\$	64,053,534

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Pass-Through	Catalog of	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Grantor's	Federal Domestic	Award
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Assistance Number	Expenditures
Student Financial Aid Cluster:		A	
U.S. Department of Education:			
Federal Direct Loan	N/A	84.268	\$ 6,791,056
Federal Pell Grant Program	N/A	84.063	4,662,020
Federal Work-Study Program	N/A	84.033	63,445
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Gran Total Student Financial Aid Cluster	n N/A	84.007	56,616 11,573,137
Other Programs:		, , ,	11,5/5,15/
_	, (		
U.S. Department of Education: TRIO-Student Support Services	N/A	84.042	101 0/1
1 K10-student Support Services	IV/A	04.042	181,841
Passed through Wyoming Department of Education:			
Career and Technical Education - Basic			
Grants to States	N/A	84.048	426,108
Grants to States	AVA	04.040	420,100
Passed through University of Wyoming:			
GEAR-UP	1001320A/1001320G-LCCC	84.334	348,904
OZIME OF	10013201210013203 Eeee	011331	310,501
Passed through Wyoming College Commission:	7 /		
Adult Education State Grant Program	ABE14R04	84.002	4,700
Adult Education State Grant Program	ABE15R04	84.002	113,143
El Civics State Grant Program	ABE14C04	84.002	675
El Civics State Grant Program	ABE15C04	84.002	19,192
Total passed through Wyoming College Comm	nission	•	137,710
		•	·
Total U.S. Department of Education			12,667,700
		•	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Passed through Wyoming Department of Workforce	Services:		
Adelante - ETSS	N/A	93.558	11,611
Passed through University of Wyoming:			
InBre	1001481K/10019320-LCCC	93.859	24,815
Passed through Wyoming Department of Health:			
National Bioterrism Hospital Preparedness Progra	r 108423	93.889	5,500
Total U.S. Department of Health and Huma	an Services		41,926
,			
National Science Foundation:			
Education and Human Resources	Due 1003452	47.076	2,937

Continued

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Pass-Through	Catalog of	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Grantor's	Federal Domestic	Award
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Assistance Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Labor:			
Passed through Pueblo Community College:			
Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College			
and Career Training	23780-12-60-A-8	17.282	\$ 70,214
Passed through Wyoming Department of Workforce	Services:		
WIA Youth Activities	98433	17.259	18,314
H-1B Job Training Grant	HG-22737-12-60-A-56	17.268	658,968
Total passed through University of Wyoming		\( \)	677,282
Total U.S. Department of Labor		0	747,496
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:	\( (		
Passed through Wyoming Department of Homeland	Security:		
Homeland Security Grant Program	13-GPD-LCCC-MA-SSG13	97.067	2,241
		•	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through Wyoming Department of Education	CX		
Child and Adult Care Food Program	X	10.558	24,208
		•	
Total Federal award expenditures	200		\$ 13,486,508

See Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The purpose of the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards (the "Schedule") is to present a summary of the activities of the Laramie County Community College (the "College") for the year ended June 30, 2015, which have been financed by the U.S. Government. The Schedule is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

For purposes of the Schedule, Federal awards have been classified into two types:

- 1. Direct Federal awards consisting of Federal assistance and Federal student financial aid, and
- 2. Pass-through funds received from non-Federal organizations made under federally sponsored programs conducted by those organizations.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Laramie County Community College Cheyenne, Wyoming

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cheyenne,	Wyoming
	, 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Trustees Laramie County Community College Cheyenne, Wyoming

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laramie County Community College's (the "College") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The College's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2015-001 and 2015-002. Our opinion on each major Federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The College's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

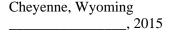
Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The College's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2015

# I. SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

A.	<b>Financial Statements</b>					
	Type of auditor's report issu	ued: Unmodified				
	Internal control over finance	ial reporting:				6
	<ul><li>Material weakness(es) id</li><li>Significant deficiency(ies</li></ul>			Yes Yes	X X	_ No _ None Reported
	Noncompliance material to statements noted?	<u>financial</u>		Yes	X	No
В.	Federal Awards				2	
	Internal control over major	Federal programs:		1		
	• Material weakness(es) id	entified?	1	Yes	X	_No
	• Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	X	Yes		None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issu	ued on compliance for	major Fed	leral pro	grams:	Unmodified
	Any audit findings disclo	osed that are				
	required to be reported in					
	with Section 510(a) of Ci	ircular A-133?	<u>X</u>	Yes		No
	Identification of major prog	<u>grams</u> :				
	CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal	Program o	r Cluste	<u>r</u>	
	Cluster	Student Financial Ai	d Cluster			
	84.334	Gaining Early Award	eness and l	Readines	ss for	
		Undergraduate Pro	ograms (G	ear-Up)		
	• Dollar threshold used to Type A and Type B prog		\$300,000	)		
1	• Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	X	Yes		No

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2015

# II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

# III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

# 2015-001: Student Financial Aid Cluster – Special Tests: Enrollment Reporting

Catalog of Federal Assistance (CFDA) Number and Title: 8	4.268 Federal Direct Student
Loans, 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program	
Federal Agency Name: Department of Education	
Pass-Through Entity Name (if applicable): N/A	
Award Number/Name: N/A	
<b>Award Year(s)</b> : July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2105	\.

### Condition -

# **Campus Level Reporting:**

Of the four graduate students tested for Campus Level Enrollment Reporting, we noted one instance where the student's status change was not reported.

Of the 36 students tested for Campus Level Enrollment Reporting, we noted 17 where the student's status change was not reported for the semester selected for testing. Within the same sample, we noted five instances where the student's status was reported with an inaccurate status effective date. In addition, we noted four instances where the student's status change was not reported within 60 days as required.

The error did not result in any questioned costs.

# Program Level Reporting:

Of the 40 withdrawn and graduate students tested for Program Level Enrollment Reporting, we noted 33 instances where the student's status change was not reported and three instances in which the student's effective date of the status change was not reported accurately.

Of the 33 students where the status change was not reported, three students had no program level information reported.

The errors did not result in any questioned costs.

*Criteria* – Per review of 34 CFR 685.305 (FDL), the school must use the withdrawal date determined under 34 CFR 668.22(b) or (c), as applicable for the purpose of reporting the date that the student has withdrawn from the school. In addition, per review of 34 CFD 690.83 (Pell), an institution shall submit, in accordance with deadline dates established by the Secretary, through publication in the Federal Register, other reports and information the Secretary requires and shall comply with the procedures the Secretary finds necessary to ensure that the reports are correct.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2015

Per 2.3.1 of the National Student Loan Data System Enrollment Reporting Guide, "...schools are required to report all Title IV aid recipients' enrollment at the program-level in addition to the campus-level."

Per 4.4.2 of the National Student Loan Data System Enrollment Reporting Guide, "The implementation of the 150% subsidized loan limit makes the reporting of a Withdrawn 'W' or Graduated 'G' status even more critical. The completion of a program protects the student's interest subsidy. A withdrawal indicates that the program was not completed or that the student is not currently taking coursework in the program. The effective date for a withdrawn ('W' status) is the last date the student attended any classes or otherwise was engaged in an academically related activity at the school or in the program. The effective date for the completion/graduation ('G' status) is the date that the school assigns to the completion/graduation and can be either the same as the effective date of a previously reported 'W' or sometime after that date."

Cause – The Student Financial Aid Office and Registrar Office do not have effective controls in place to ensure that all data reported to their third-party service provider is accurate. In addition, there are no controls in place to ensure proper monitoring of their third-party service provider utilized for reporting student status changes. As a result, the Student Financial Aid Office and Registrar Office was unaware the National Student Loan Database System was not requesting all status changes from their third-party service provider.

*Effect* - Improper reporting of student status changes could impact student's interest subsidy and/or repayment status.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the Registrar Office evaluate their controls in place to ensure that all required reporting is occurring and that status effective dates are being properly reported for each student.

In addition, we recommend the Student Financial Aid Office and Registrar Office implement a control to ensure that enrollment data reported to the College's third-party service provider is appropriately reported to NSLDS. Additionally, we recommend the Student Financial Aid Office and Registrar Office strengthen their monitoring of third-party service providers to ensure they have proper controls in place (i.e., obtain and review their SOC 1 reports).

# Questioned Costs - \$0

*Management's Response* – Management has implemented their internal process to ensure unofficial withdrawals are correctly reported to their third-party service provider.

The Financial Aid Director will be sending, via transfer monitoring, all students enrolled in a degree or certificate granting program mid-semester to trigger the National Student Loan Database System to request a status update from the Institution's third-party service provider.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2015

# 2015-002: Student Financial Aid Cluster – Special Tests: R2T4

Catalog of Federal Assistance (CFDA) Number and Title: 84.007 FSEOG, 84.033 FWS, 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans, 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program

Federal Agency Name: Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity Name (if applicable): N/A

Award Number/Name: N/A

Award Year(s): July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2105

**Condition** – The Financial Aid Office incorrectly included five days related to Thanksgiving vacation when determining the total number of days in the Fall 2014 semester. As such, all Fall 2014 R2T4 calculations were performed utilizing the incorrect total number of days. The error resulted in a known overpayment of \$2,269 of Title IV funds that were actually earned. In addition, the error resulted in a projected overpayment of \$39,201.

*Criteria* – Per 34 CFR 668.22(f)(2), the total number of calendar days in a payment period or period of enrollment includes all days within the period that the student was scheduled to complete, except that scheduled breaks of at least five consecutive days are excluded from the total number of calendar days in a payment period or period of enrollment and the number of calendar days completed in that period.

*Cause* – The Financial Aid Director is aware of the requirement; however, Thanksgiving vacation was extended one day in Fall 2014 and the calculation was not appropriately adjusted.

*Effect* – The Institution returned Title IV funds that were earned.

**Recommendation** – We recommend another member of the Financial Aid Department review the semester set up in Colleague to ensure all breaks of five or more consecutive days are excluded from the total number of calendar days in a payment period.

Questioned Costs - Overpayment of \$2,269

*Management's Response* – The dates for Thanksgiving break will be included in the Colleague annual set-up steps and confirmed by another member of the Financial Aid team.

The Financial Aid Director has contacted the Federal reviewer in Chicago, IL to determine the next steps to make all students with official and unofficial withdrawals whole for Fall 2014.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2015

# Finding Status

# **<u>2014-001</u>**: Student Financial Aid Cluster – Special Tests: Enrollment Reporting

# Catalog of Federal Assistance (CFDA) Number and

Title: 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans , 84.063

Federal Pell Grant Program

**Federal Agency Name**: Department of Education **Pass-Through Entity Name (if applicable):** N/A

Award Number/Name: N/A

Award Year(s): July 1, 2013- June 30, 2014

Of the 40 students tested for Enrollment Reporting, we noted four instances in which the students were reported to NSLDS with graduated status effective dates of the last day of classes instead of the last day of finals, which would be the date the student completed the course requirements.

Of the 40 students tested for Enrollment Reporting, we noted 14 instances in which the students status change (to withdrawn or graduate) were not reported to NSLDS.

Of the 40 students tested for Enrollment Reporting, we noted six instances in which the students' withdrawn dates were improperly reported to the NSLDS.

The academic calendar was changed for the 2014-2015 academic year to show the last day of finals as the last day of the semester. Records and Financial Aid have continued to work on a process to ensure the correct withdrawn date is reported for unofficial withdraws and that all required status changes are reports to NSLDS.

Auditor's Comment – The College correctly utilized the last day of finals as the graduated status effective dates. However, corrective procedures were not implemented completely for ensuring all required status changes were reported to the NSLDS or that the correct status effective date was utilized, which resulted in current year finding 2015-001.

# **2014-002**: Student Financial Aid Cluster – Special Tests: R2T4

# Catalog of Federal Assistance (CFDA) Number and

**Title**: 84.007 FSEOG, 84.033 FWS, 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans, 84.063 Federal Pell Grant Program

Federal Agency Name: Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity Name (if applicable): N/A

rass-through Entity Name (if applicable): N/A

Award Number/Name: N/A

Award Year(s): July 1, 2013- June 30, 2014

determination for unofficial withdrawals which met the 30-day requirement.

Auditor's Comment – Based on the audit

The College documented their date of

The Office of Scholarships and Financial Aid does not have a formalized process regarding the documentation of the date of determination for students who unofficially withdraw during the semester without providing notification to the institution. The date of determination currently documented by the Office of Scholarships and Financial Aid is not the date the institution knew, or should have known, that the student withdrew. The condition does not result in any known questioned costs as the calculations selected for testing were performed accurately and all required funds were returned timely.

Auditor's Comment – Based on the audit work performed, the corrective procedures were implemented.